



# 500

## Error Spotting Practice

Original exam-style sentences in 24 practice sets, topic by topic. Every answer comes with the correction and **the rule**, so each mistake teaches you something. Pairs perfectly with the **202 English Rules PDF**.

**500**

questions

**24**

practice sets

**12**

grammar topics

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## SET 1 · SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

Q001-025 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question.  
Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

- Q1 (A) Each of the boys (B) have (C) finished (D) the homework. (E) No error
- Q2 (A) Every student and teacher (B) were (C) present (D) at the function. (E) No error
- Q3 (A) Neither the manager (B) nor the clerks (C) was (D) in the office. (E) No error
- Q4 (A) Either you or he (B) have (C) broken (D) the glass. (E) No error
- Q5 (A) The quality of the mangoes (B) are (C) not (D) good this year. (E) No error
- Q6 (A) One of my cousins (B) live (C) in (D) Canada. (E) No error
- Q7 (A) The news (B) are (C) too good (D) to be true. (E) No error
- Q8 (A) Mathematics (B) are (C) my (D) favourite subject. (E) No error
- Q9 (A) The scissors (B) is (C) on (D) the table. (E) No error
- Q10 (A) A number of students (B) was (C) absent (D) today. (E) No error
- Q11 (A) The number of (B) applicants (C) have (D) increased this year. (E) No error
- Q12 (A) Bread and butter (B) are (C) my usual (D) breakfast. (E) No error
- Q13 (A) The secretary and treasurer (B) have (C) resigned (D) from the club. (E) No error
- Q14 (A) The secretary and the treasurer (B) has (C) given (D) their reports. (E) No error





Q15 (A) Ten kilometres (B) are (C) a long distance (D) to walk. (E) No error

Q16 (A) Five hundred rupees (B) are (C) not enough (D) for this book. (E) No error

Q17 (A) The committee (B) has (C) given (D) its decision. (E) No error

Q18 (A) The jury (B) were divided (C) in (D) their opinions. (E) No error

Q19 (A) The cattle (B) is (C) grazing (D) in the field. (E) No error

Q20 (A) The police (B) has (C) arrested (D) the thief. (E) No error

Q21 (A) Physics (B) were (C) difficult (D) for him. (E) No error

Q22 (A) Not only the students (B) but also the teacher (C) were (D) late. (E) No error

Q23 (A) The teacher, along with his students, (B) are (C) going (D) on a trip. (E) No error

Q24 (A) The captain as well as the players (B) were (C) praised (D) by the coach. (E) No error

Q25 (A) Many a man (B) have (C) lost (D) his life in the war. (E) No error



**ANSWERS + THE RULE**

- Q1** (B) “have” → “has” — “Each of” takes a singular verb.
- Q2** (B) “were” → “was” — Two singular nouns joined by “and” after “every” take a singular verb.
- Q3** (C) “was” → “were” — With neither...nor, the verb agrees with the nearer subject (“clerks”).
- Q4** (B) “have” → “has” — With either...or, the verb agrees with the nearer subject (“he”).
- Q5** (B) “are” → “is” — The verb agrees with the head noun “quality”, not “mangoes”.
- Q6** (B) “live” → “lives” — “One of” + plural noun takes a singular verb.
- Q7** (B) “are” → “is” — “News” is singular.
- Q8** (B) “are” → “is” — Subjects ending in -ics (mathematics, physics) are singular.
- Q9** (B) “is” → “are” — Scissors, trousers, spectacles take a plural verb.
- Q10** (B) “was” → “were” — “A number of” means many and takes a plural verb.
- Q11** (C) “have” → “has” — “The number of” takes a singular verb.
- Q12** (B) “are” → “is” — Two nouns that form one idea take a singular verb.
- Q13** (B) “have” → “has” — One article before both nouns = one person; use a singular verb.
- Q14** (B) “has” → “have” — Two articles = two persons; use a plural verb.
- Q15** (B) “are” → “is” — A distance, amount or time taken as one unit is singular.
- Q16** (B) “are” → “is” — A sum of money as one amount takes a singular verb.
- Q17** (E) No error — No error: a collective noun acting as one unit is singular.
- Q18** (E) No error — No error: a collective noun whose members act separately takes a plural verb.
- Q19** (B) “is” → “are” — “Cattle” is always plural.
- Q20** (B) “has” → “have” — “Police” takes a plural verb.
- Q21** (B) “were” → “was” — Physics is singular.
- Q22** (C) “were” → “was” — With not only...but also, the verb agrees with the nearer subject.
- Q23** (B) “are” → “is” — With “along with / as well as / together with”, the verb agrees with the first subject.
- Q24** (B) “were” → “was” — The verb agrees with the first subject (“captain”).
- Q25** (B) “have” → “has” — “Many a” takes a singular noun and verb.





## SET 2 · SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

Q026-050 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q26 (A) More than one student (B) have (C) failed (D) the test. (E) No error

Q27 (A) None of the food (B) were (C) left (D) after the party. (E) No error

Q28 (A) Somebody (B) have (C) taken (D) my pen. (E) No error

Q29 (A) Everyone (B) in the class (C) have (D) a book. (E) No error

Q30 (A) There is (B) many reasons (C) for (D) his failure. (E) No error

Q31 (A) There are (B) a pen and a pencil (C) in (D) the box. (E) No error

Q32 (A) The furniture (B) in the room (C) are (D) very old. (E) No error

Q33 (A) Two-thirds of the work (B) have (C) been (D) completed. (E) No error

Q34 (A) Half of the apples (B) is (C) rotten (D) in this basket. (E) No error

Q35 (A) Each of the (B) questions (C) carry (D) two marks. (E) No error

Q36 (A) Neither of the answers (B) are (C) correct (D) in this test. (E) No error

Q37 (A) Either of these roads (B) lead (C) to (D) the station. (E) No error

Q38 (A) The rich (B) is (C) not always (D) happy. (E) No error

Q39 (A) The poor (B) needs (C) our (D) help. (E) No error





Q40 (A) His knowledge of English (B) are (C) better than (D) mine. (E) No error

Q41 (A) The leader of the workers (B) were (C) arrested (D) yesterday. (E) No error

Q42 (A) A lot of water (B) have (C) been (D) wasted. (E) No error

Q43 (A) A lot of people (B) has (C) come (D) to the fair. (E) No error

Q44 (A) The majority of the members (B) was (C) against (D) the proposal. (E) No error

Q45 (A) Measles (B) are (C) a (D) dangerous disease. (E) No error

Q46 (A) The United States (B) have (C) a (D) large army. (E) No error

Q47 (A) Gulliver's Travels (B) are (C) a famous (D) book. (E) No error

Q48 (A) Ten years (B) are (C) a long time (D) to wait. (E) No error

Q49 (A) Every boy and every girl (B) were (C) given (D) a prize. (E) No error

Q50 (A) No news (B) are (C) good (D) news. (E) No error



**ANSWERS + THE RULE**

- Q26** (B) “have” → “has” — “More than one” + singular noun takes a singular verb.
- Q27** (B) “were” → “was” — “None of” + uncountable noun takes a singular verb.
- Q28** (B) “have” → “has” — Indefinite pronouns like somebody, everyone, nobody are singular.
- Q29** (C) “have” → “has” — “Everyone” is singular.
- Q30** (A) “There is” → “There are” — After “there”, the verb agrees with the noun that follows (“reasons”).
- Q31** (A) “There are” → “There is” — With “there”, the verb agrees with the first noun (“a pen”).
- Q32** (C) “are” → “is” — “Furniture” is uncountable and singular.
- Q33** (B) “have” → “has” — With fractions, the verb agrees with the noun after “of” (“work”).
- Q34** (B) “is” → “are” — The verb agrees with “apples” (plural).
- Q35** (C) “carry” → “carries” — “Each of” takes a singular verb.
- Q36** (B) “are” → “is” — “Neither of” takes a singular verb.
- Q37** (B) “lead” → “leads” — “Either of” takes a singular verb.
- Q38** (B) “is” → “are” — “The” + adjective (the rich, the poor) means people and is plural.
- Q39** (B) “needs” → “need” — “The poor” means poor people: plural.
- Q40** (B) “are” → “is” — The verb agrees with “knowledge”, not “English”.
- Q41** (B) “were” → “was” — The verb agrees with “leader”, the head noun.
- Q42** (B) “have” → “has” — “A lot of” + uncountable noun takes a singular verb.
- Q43** (B) “has” → “have” — “A lot of” + plural noun takes a plural verb.
- Q44** (B) “was” → “were” — “The majority of” + plural noun takes a plural verb.
- Q45** (B) “are” → “is” — Names of diseases like measles, mumps are singular.
- Q46** (B) “have” → “has” — The name of a country is singular even if it looks plural.
- Q47** (B) “are” → “is” — The title of a book is singular.
- Q48** (B) “are” → “is” — A period of time taken as one unit is singular.
- Q49** (B) “were” → “was” — “Every ... and every ...” takes a singular verb.
- Q50** (B) “are” → “is” — “News” is singular.





## SET 3 · SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

Q051-075 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question.  
Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q51 (A) Politics (B) are (C) not (D) my cup of tea. (E) No error

Q52 (A) The crowd (B) was (C) getting (D) restless. (E) No error

Q53 (A) Each student (B) must bring (C) his or her (D) own lunch. (E) No error

Q54 (A) Neither he (B) nor I (C) am (D) responsible for this. (E) No error

Q55 (A) Either the players (B) or the coach (C) are (D) to blame. (E) No error

Q56 (A) The list of items (B) are (C) on (D) the desk. (E) No error

Q57 (A) Most of the milk (B) have (C) turned (D) sour. (E) No error

Q58 (A) Most of the books (B) is (C) missing (D) from the shelf. (E) No error

Q59 (A) What he says (B) are (C) not (D) true. (E) No error

Q60 (A) To err (B) are (C) human, (D) to forgive divine. (E) No error

Q61 (A) Walking in the morning (B) are (C) good (D) for health. (E) No error

Q62 (A) The thief (B) with all his friends (C) were (D) caught. (E) No error

Q63 (A) My spectacles (B) is (C) broken (D) again. (E) No error

Q64 (A) A pair of shoes (B) are (C) lying (D) under the bed. (E) No error





Q65 (A) The trousers (B) you bought (C) is (D) too long. (E) No error

Q66 (A) Information about the exams (B) are (C) available (D) online. (E) No error

Q67 (A) The advice (B) he gave me (C) were (D) useful. (E) No error

Q68 (A) Each of us (B) have (C) our (D) own problems. (E) No error

Q69 (A) One of the most famous (B) writers (C) are (D) coming today. (E) No error

Q70 (A) Both of them (B) is (C) good (D) at maths. (E) No error

Q71 (A) Few (B) students (C) has (D) passed the test. (E) No error

Q72 (A) Little (B) progress (C) have (D) been made. (E) No error

Q73 (A) Several (B) of the windows (C) was (D) broken. (E) No error

Q74 (A) Nobody (B) knows (C) the answer (D) to this question. (E) No error

Q75 (A) The father, as well as his sons, (B) work (C) in (D) the factory. (E) No error



**ANSWERS + THE RULE**

- Q51** (B) “are” → “is” — Politics as a subject is singular.
- Q52** (E) No error — No error: the crowd acts as one unit.
- Q53** (E) No error — No error.
- Q54** (E) No error — No error: the verb agrees with the nearer subject “I”.
- Q55** (C) “are” → “is” — The verb agrees with the nearer subject “coach”.
- Q56** (B) “are” → “is” — The verb agrees with “list”.
- Q57** (B) “have” → “has” — “Most of” + uncountable noun is singular.
- Q58** (B) “is” → “are” — “Most of” + plural noun is plural.
- Q59** (B) “are” → “is” — A clause used as the subject takes a singular verb.
- Q60** (B) “are” → “is” — An infinitive used as a subject is singular.
- Q61** (B) “are” → “is” — A gerund used as a subject is singular.
- Q62** (C) “were” → “was” — “With” does not join subjects; the verb agrees with “thief”.
- Q63** (B) “is” → “are” — Spectacles is plural.
- Q64** (B) “are” → “is” — “A pair of” takes a singular verb.
- Q65** (C) “is” → “are” — Trousers is plural.
- Q66** (B) “are” → “is” — “Information” is uncountable and singular.
- Q67** (C) “were” → “was” — “Advice” is uncountable and singular.
- Q68** (B) “have” → “has” (and “our” → “his or her”) — “Each of” takes a singular verb.
- Q69** (C) “are” → “is” — “One of” takes a singular verb.
- Q70** (B) “is” → “are” — “Both” is always plural.
- Q71** (C) “has” → “have” — “Few” + plural noun takes a plural verb.
- Q72** (C) “have” → “has” — “Little” + uncountable noun takes a singular verb.
- Q73** (C) “was” → “were” — “Several” is plural.
- Q74** (E) No error — No error.
- Q75** (B) “work” → “works” — The verb agrees with the first subject “father”.





## SET 4 · SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

Q076-099 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question.  
Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q76 (A) Twenty kilograms (B) are (C) too heavy (D) for a child to lift. (E) No error

Q77 (A) The staff (B) are (C) not happy (D) with the new rules. (E) No error

Q78 (A) Three-fourths of the land (B) are (C) under (D) cultivation. (E) No error

Q79 (A) The sum and substance (B) of his speech (C) were (D) clear. (E) No error

Q80 (A) Slow and steady (B) win (C) the (D) race. (E) No error

Q81 (A) Each and every (B) person (C) have (D) to vote. (E) No error

Q82 (A) The ship (B) with its crew (C) were (D) lost at sea. (E) No error

Q83 (A) Either the teacher (B) or the students (C) is (D) responsible. (E) No error

Q84 (A) Rice and curry (B) is (C) my (D) favourite dish. (E) No error

Q85 (A) Neither food (B) nor water (C) were (D) available. (E) No error

Q86 (A) The audience (B) was (C) clapping (D) loudly. (E) No error

Q87 (A) The pages of the book (B) is (C) torn (D) badly. (E) No error

Q88 (A) Every one of the boys (B) have (C) got (D) a prize. (E) No error

Q89 (A) All the furniture (B) were (C) sold (D) at the auction. (E) No error





Q90 (A) The equipment (B) are (C) very (D) expensive. (E) No error

Q91 (A) Economics (B) are (C) taught (D) in this college. (E) No error

Q92 (A) Neither of my brothers (B) live (C) in (D) Mumbai. (E) No error

Q93 (A) The girl (B) who sings (C) are (D) my sister. (E) No error

Q94 (A) Those who work hard (B) succeeds (C) in (D) life. (E) No error

Q95 (A) He is one of those men (B) who always (C) speaks (D) the truth. (E) No error

Q96 (A) It is I (B) who (C) is (D) to blame. (E) No error

Q97 (A) Many (B) a student (C) have (D) failed this year. (E) No error

Q98 (A) The whole (B) family (C) was (D) at the wedding. (E) No error

Q99 (A) Hundreds of people (B) was (C) waiting (D) at the gate. (E) No error



**ANSWERS + THE RULE**

- Q76** (B) “are” → “is” — A weight as one amount is singular.
- Q77** (E) No error — No error: the members of the staff are thought of separately.
- Q78** (B) “are” → “is” — The verb agrees with “land” (singular).
- Q79** (C) “were” → “was” — A pair of words forming one idea takes a singular verb.
- Q80** (B) “win” → “wins” — Two adjectives forming one idea take a singular verb.
- Q81** (C) “have” → “has” — “Each and every” takes a singular verb.
- Q82** (C) “were” → “was” — The verb agrees with “ship”.
- Q83** (C) “is” → “are” — The verb agrees with the nearer subject “students”.
- Q84** (E) No error — No error: one dish, one idea.
- Q85** (C) “were” → “was” — Both subjects are singular; the verb is singular.
- Q86** (E) No error — No error.
- Q87** (B) “is” → “are” — The head noun “pages” is plural.
- Q88** (B) “have” → “has” — “Every one of” takes a singular verb.
- Q89** (B) “were” → “was” — “Furniture” is singular.
- Q90** (B) “are” → “is” — “Equipment” is uncountable.
- Q91** (B) “are” → “is” — Economics as a subject is singular.
- Q92** (B) “live” → “lives” — “Neither of” takes a singular verb.
- Q93** (C) “are” → “is” — The verb agrees with “girl”.
- Q94** (B) “succeeds” → “succeed” — “Those” is plural.
- Q95** (C) “speaks” → “speak” — In “one of those ... who”, “who” refers to the plural noun, so the verb is plural.
- Q96** (C) “is” → “am” — The verb after “who” agrees with the pronoun before it (“I”).
- Q97** (C) “have” → “has” — “Many a” is singular.
- Q98** (E) No error — No error.
- Q99** (B) “was” → “were” — “Hundreds of people” is plural.





## SET 5 · NOUNS

## Error Spotting

Q100–117 of 500

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question.  
Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q100 (A) He gave me (B) many (C) advices (D) before the exam. (E) No error

Q101 (A) All the (B) informations (C) are (D) on the website. (E) No error

Q102 (A) She bought (B) new (C) furnitures (D) for her flat. (E) No error

Q103 (A) The sceneries (B) of (C) Kashmir (D) are beautiful. (E) No error

Q104 (A) I have (B) lost my (C) luggages (D) at the airport. (E) No error

Q105 (A) Please give me (B) some (C) breads (D) for the children. (E) No error

Q106 (A) He has (B) done (C) many mischiefs (D) in the class. (E) No error

Q107 (A) The poets (B) and (C) the poetries (D) of India are rich. (E) No error

Q108 (A) We saw (B) a herd of (C) cattles (D) near the river. (E) No error

Q109 (A) There were (B) five (C) sheeps (D) in the field. (E) No error

Q110 (A) I saw (B) three (C) deers (D) in the forest. (E) No error

Q111 (A) He is (B) a ten-years-old (C) boy (D) from Pune. (E) No error

Q112 (A) She bought (B) a five-rupees (C) stamp (D) at the post office. (E) No error

Q113 (A) My father (B) gave me (C) two dozens (D) mangoes. (E) No error





Q114 (A) The hostel (B) has (C) three hundreds (D) rooms. (E) No error

Q115 (A) He is (B) one of the best (C) player (D) in the team. (E) No error

Q116 (A) My brother-in-laws (B) are (C) coming (D) to visit us. (E) No error

Q117 (A) The passers-by (B) stopped (C) to watch (D) the show. (E) No error

#### ANSWERS + THE RULE

Q100 (C) "advices" → "pieces of advice" — "Advice" is uncountable; it has no plural.

Q101 (B) "informations are" → "information is" — "Information" is uncountable.

Q102 (C) "furnitures" → "furniture" — "Furniture" has no plural form.

Q103 (A) "The sceneries ... are" → "The scenery ... is" — "Scenery" is uncountable.

Q104 (C) "luggages" → "luggage" — "Luggage" and "baggage" are uncountable.

Q105 (C) "breads" → "bread" — "Bread" is uncountable.

Q106 (C) "many mischiefs" → "much mischief" — "Mischief" is uncountable.

Q107 (C) "the poetries" → "poetry" — "Poetry" is uncountable.

Q108 (C) "cattles" → "cattle" — "Cattle" is already plural.

Q109 (C) "sheeps" → "sheep" — The plural of "sheep" is "sheep".

Q110 (C) "deers" → "deer" — The plural of "deer" is "deer".

Q111 (B) "ten-years-old" → "ten-year-old" — A number + noun used as an adjective stays singular.

Q112 (B) "five-rupees" → "five-rupee" — Number + noun as adjective is singular.

Q113 (C) "two dozens" → "two dozen" — "Dozen, score, hundred" after a number stay singular.

Q114 (C) "three hundreds" → "three hundred" — After a number, "hundred" is singular.

Q115 (C) "player" → "players" — "One of the" + superlative + plural noun.

Q116 (A) "brother-in-laws" → "brothers-in-law" — In compound nouns, the main word takes the plural.

Q117 (E) No error — No error: "passers-by" is the correct plural.





## SET 6 · NOUNS

## Error Spotting

Q118–134 of 500

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question.  
Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q118 (A) He has (B) many (C) works (D) to finish today. (E) No error

Q119 (A) The alphabets (B) of English (C) are (D) twenty-six. (E) No error

Q120 (A) I met (B) his cousin sister (C) at (D) the wedding. (E) No error

Q121 (A) She took (B) a fifteen minutes (C) break (D) after lunch. (E) No error

Q122 (A) The machineries (B) in this factory (C) are (D) very old. (E) No error

Q123 (A) He gave (B) a lot of (C) helps (D) to the poor. (E) No error

Q124 (A) The jewellerys (B) were stolen (C) from (D) the locker. (E) No error

Q125 (A) There are (B) many (C) species (D) of birds here. (E) No error

Q126 (A) The thieves (B) ran away (C) when the police (D) arrived. (E) No error

Q127 (A) Both the (B) wives (C) came (D) to the party. (E) No error

Q128 (A) The childs (B) were playing (C) in (D) the park. (E) No error

Q129 (A) She has (B) two (C) sister-in-laws (D) in Delhi. (E) No error

Q130 (A) His vocabularies (B) are (C) very (D) rich. (E) No error

Q131 (A) The poultries (B) are (C) kept (D) in that shed. (E) No error





Q132 (A) The innings (B) was (C) long (D) and exciting. (E) No error

Q133 (A) I need (B) some (C) stationeries (D) for school. (E) No error

Q134 (A) We could not (B) find any (C) evidences (D) against him. (E) No error

#### ANSWERS + THE RULE

**Q118 (C)** “many works” → “a lot of work” — “Work” (labour) is uncountable; “works” means books or factories.

**Q119 (A)** “The alphabets ... are” → “The letters of the English alphabet are” — “Alphabet” is the whole set of letters.

**Q120 (B)** “cousin sister” → “cousin” — “Cousin” is used for both male and female.

**Q121 (B)** “fifteen minutes” → “fifteen-minute” — Number + noun as an adjective is singular.

**Q122 (A)** “The machineries ... are” → “The machinery ... is” — “Machinery” is uncountable.

**Q123 (C)** “helps” → “help” — “Help” as a noun is uncountable here.

**Q124 (A)** “The jewellerys were” → “The jewellery was” — “Jewellery” is uncountable.

**Q125 (E)** No error — No error: “species” is both singular and plural.

**Q126 (A)** “thiefs” → “thieves” — Nouns ending in -f often change to -ves.

**Q127 (B)** “wives” → “wives” — Plural of wife is wives.

**Q128 (A)** “childs” → “children” — Irregular plural.

**Q129 (C)** “sister-in-laws” → “sisters-in-law” — Pluralise the main word.

**Q130 (A)** “His vocabularies are” → “His vocabulary is” — One person’s vocabulary is singular.

**Q131 (A)** “poulties” → “poultry” — “Poultry” is already plural in sense.

**Q132 (E)** No error — No error: “innings” is singular here.

**Q133 (C)** “stationeries” → “stationery” — “Stationery” is uncountable.

**Q134 (C)** “evidences” → “evidence” — “Evidence” is uncountable.





## SET 7 · PRONOUNS

## Error Spotting

Q135–151 of 500

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q135 (A) Between you (B) and (C) I, (D) he is not honest. (E) No error

Q136 (A) He is (B) taller (C) than (D) me. (E) No error

Q137 (A) It is (B) him (C) who (D) won the prize. (E) No error

Q138 (A) Each of the girls (B) brought (C) their (D) own lunch. (E) No error

Q139 (A) Everyone (B) must do (C) their (D) duty. (E) No error

Q140 (A) One should (B) keep (C) his (D) promises. (E) No error

Q141 (A) Let you and me (B) go (C) for (D) a walk. (E) No error

Q142 (A) Let he and I (B) finish (C) the (D) work. (E) No error

Q143 (A) This is (B) the boy (C) whom (D) came yesterday. (E) No error

Q144 (A) The man (B) who (C) I met (D) was a doctor. (E) No error

Q145 (A) Whom (B) do you think (C) is (D) the best player? (E) No error

Q146 (A) I and my friend (B) went (C) to (D) the market. (E) No error

Q147 (A) You, he and I (B) are (C) invited (D) to the party. (E) No error

Q148 (A) Myself (B) will (C) speak (D) to the principal. (E) No error





Q149 (A) He hurt (B) him (C) while (D) playing. (E) No error

Q150 (A) She enjoyed (B) at (C) the party (D) last night. (E) No error

Q151 (A) He availed (B) of (C) the opportunity (D) to study abroad. (E) No error

#### ANSWERS + THE RULE

Q135 (C) "I" → "me" — After a preposition (between), use the object form.

Q136 (D) "me" → "I (am)" — After "than" in comparison, use the subject form (than I am).

Q137 (B) "him" → "he" — After "It is", formal English uses the subject form.

Q138 (C) "their" → "her" — "Each of" is singular; use a singular pronoun.

Q139 (C) "their" → "his" (or "his or her") — "Everyone" is singular; exams expect a singular pronoun.

Q140 (C) "his" → "one's" — "One" is followed by "one's".

Q141 (E) No error — No error: after "let", use the object form (me).

Q142 (A) "he and I" → "him and me" — After "let", use object pronouns.

Q143 (C) "whom" → "who" — "Who" is the subject of "came".

Q144 (B) "who" → "whom" — "Whom" is the object of "met".

Q145 (A) "Whom" → "Who" — "Who" is the subject of "is".

Q146 (A) "I and my friend" → "My friend and I" — Put the first person last for politeness (2nd, 3rd, 1st).

Q147 (E) No error — No error: order 2nd, 3rd, 1st person.

Q148 (A) "Myself" → "I" — A reflexive pronoun cannot be the subject.

Q149 (B) "him" → "himself" — When subject and object are the same, use a reflexive pronoun.

Q150 (B) "enjoyed at" → "enjoyed herself at" — "Enjoy" needs an object (often a reflexive pronoun).

Q151 (B) "availed of" → "availed himself of" — "Avail" is used as "avail oneself of".





## SET 8 · PRONOUNS

## Error Spotting

Q152–168 of 500

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q152 (A) This book (B) is (C) my (D) and that is yours. (E) No error

Q153 (A) The book (B) on the table (C) is (D) her's. (E) No error

Q154 (A) Its (B) a beautiful (C) day (D) today. (E) No error

Q155 (A) The dog (B) wagged (C) it's (D) tail. (E) No error

Q156 (A) Neither of them (B) has (C) done (D) their homework. (E) No error

Q157 (A) The committee (B) gave (C) their (D) decision. (E) No error

Q158 (A) Either Ram or Shyam (B) will lend (C) you (D) their bicycle. (E) No error

Q159 (A) The pen (B) which (C) you gave me (D) is lost. (E) No error

Q160 (A) The boy (B) which (C) won the race (D) is my cousin. (E) No error

Q161 (A) This is (B) the same book (C) which (D) I lost yesterday. (E) No error

Q162 (A) All (B) which (C) glitters (D) is not gold. (E) No error

Q163 (A) He is (B) the best (C) student (D) whom I know. (E) No error

Q164 (A) They (B) love (C) each other (D) very much. (E) No error

Q165 (A) The members (B) quarrelled (C) among (D) each other. (E) No error





Q166 (A) None of (B) these two (C) boys (D) was present. (E) No error

Q167 (A) Either of (B) the five (C) roads (D) leads to the fort. (E) No error

Q168 (A) Such people (B) which (C) are honest (D) are respected. (E) No error

#### ANSWERS + THE RULE

Q152 (C) "my" → "mine" — Use the possessive pronoun "mine" without a noun.

Q153 (D) "her's" → "hers" — Possessive pronouns have no apostrophe.

Q154 (A) "Its" → "It's" — "It's" = "it is"; "its" is possessive.

Q155 (C) "it's" → "its" — "Its" is the possessive form.

Q156 (D) "their" → "his or her" — "Neither" is singular.

Q157 (C) "their" → "its" — A committee acting as one unit takes "its".

Q158 (D) "their" → "his" — Either...or with singular subjects takes a singular pronoun.

Q159 (E) No error — No error.

Q160 (B) "which" → "who" — Use "who" for people.

Q161 (C) "which" → "that" — After "the same", use "that" (or "as").

Q162 (B) "which" → "that" — After "all", use "that".

Q163 (D) "whom" → "that" — After a superlative, use "that".

Q164 (E) No error — No error: "each other" for two people.

Q165 (D) "each other" → "one another" — Use "one another" for more than two.

Q166 (A) "None of" → "Neither of" — Use "neither" for two, "none" for more than two.

Q167 (A) "Either of" → "Any of" — "Either" is used for two only.

Q168 (B) "which" → "as" — "Such" is followed by "as".





## SET 9 · ARTICLES

# Error Spotting

Q169–183 of 500

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q169 (A) He is (B) a (C) honest (D) man. (E) No error

Q170 (A) She is (B) an (C) university (D) student. (E) No error

Q171 (A) He waited (B) for (C) a hour (D) at the station. (E) No error

Q172 (A) She is (B) a (C) European (D) writer. (E) No error

Q173 (A) He is (B) an (C) MLA (D) from our district. (E) No error

Q174 (A) The sun (B) rises in (C) east (D) every day. (E) No error

Q175 (A) Ganga (B) is (C) a holy (D) river. (E) No error

Q176 (A) Himalayas (B) are (C) the highest (D) mountains. (E) No error

Q177 (A) The honesty (B) is (C) the best (D) policy. (E) No error

Q178 (A) He goes (B) to the church (C) every (D) Sunday. (E) No error

Q179 (A) She went (B) to the bed (C) early (D) last night. (E) No error

Q180 (A) He is (B) the best (C) player (D) in the team. (E) No error

Q181 (A) She is (B) most (C) intelligent girl (D) in the class. (E) No error

Q182 (A) I want (B) a (C) information (D) about the course. (E) No error





**Q183** (A) He gave (B) me (C) an advice (D) that helped. (E) No error

#### ANSWERS + THE RULE

**Q169** (B) “a” → “an” — Use “an” before a vowel sound (“h” is silent in “honest”).

**Q170** (B) “an” → “a” — “University” begins with a “yoo” (consonant) sound.

**Q171** (C) “a hour” → “an hour” — Silent “h”: use “an”.

**Q172** (E) No error — No error: “European” begins with a “yoo” sound.

**Q173** (E) No error — No error: “M” is said “em”, a vowel sound.

**Q174** (C) “east” → “the east” — Use “the” with directions.

**Q175** (A) “Ganga” → “The Ganga” — Use “the” before names of rivers.

**Q176** (A) “Himalayas” → “The Himalayas” — Use “the” before mountain ranges.

**Q177** (A) “The honesty” → “Honesty” — No article before abstract nouns used in a general sense.

**Q178** (B) “to the church” → “to church” — No article when a place is used for its main purpose (prayer).

**Q179** (B) “to the bed” → “to bed” — No article in “go to bed” (for sleeping).

**Q180** (E) No error — No error: “the” before a superlative.

**Q181** (B) “most” → “the most” — Use “the” before a superlative.

**Q182** (B) “a information” → “some information” — No “a/an” before uncountable nouns.

**Q183** (C) “an advice” → “a piece of advice” — “Advice” is uncountable.





## SET 10 · ARTICLES

Q184–198 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q184 (A) English (B) is (C) an (D) international language. (E) No error

Q185 (A) The English (B) is (C) spoken (D) all over the world. (E) No error

Q186 (A) The Gita (B) is (C) a (D) holy book. (E) No error

Q187 (A) He plays (B) the cricket (C) every (D) evening. (E) No error

Q188 (A) She plays (B) piano (C) very (D) well. (E) No error

Q189 (A) Taj Mahal (B) is (C) in (D) Agra. (E) No error

Q190 (A) What (B) a (C) beautiful (D) weather! (E) No error

Q191 (A) He is (B) such (C) a fool (D) that no one trusts him. (E) No error

Q192 (A) I have (B) a (C) one-rupee (D) coin. (E) No error

Q193 (A) Dr. Sharma is (B) a (C) M.D. (D) from AIIMS. (E) No error

Q194 (A) Mumbai is (B) the (C) Manchester (D) of India. (E) No error

Q195 (A) He was (B) elected (C) the President (D) of the club. (E) No error

Q196 (A) The breakfast (B) is (C) ready (D) on the table. (E) No error

Q197 (A) She is (B) one-eyed (C) girl (D) from my village. (E) No error





**Q198** (A) He is (B) a (C) man of his word, (D) so trust him. (E) No error

**ANSWERS + THE RULE**

**Q184** (E) No error — No error.

**Q185** (A) “The English is” → “English is” — No article before names of languages.

**Q186** (E) No error — No error: “the” before names of holy books.

**Q187** (B) “the cricket” → “cricket” — No article before names of games.

**Q188** (B) “piano” → “the piano” — Use “the” before musical instruments.

**Q189** (A) “Taj Mahal” → “The Taj Mahal” — Use “the” before famous buildings.

**Q190** (B) “a” → (remove) — “Weather” is uncountable: “What beautiful weather!”

**Q191** (E) No error — No error.

**Q192** (E) No error — No error: “one” starts with a “w” sound.

**Q193** (B) “a” → “an” — “M” is said “em”: use “an”.

**Q194** (E) No error — No error: “the” before a proper noun used as a comparison.

**Q195** (C) “the President” → “President” — No article after elect/appoint/make + title.

**Q196** (A) “The breakfast” → “Breakfast” — No article before names of meals in general use.

**Q197** (B) “one-eyed” → “a one-eyed” — A singular countable noun needs an article.

**Q198** (E) No error — No error.





## SET 11 · ADJECTIVES &amp; DEGREES

Q199–216 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question.  
Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q199 (A) She is (B) more smarter (C) than (D) her sister. (E) No error

Q200 (A) This is (B) the most best (C) book (D) on the subject. (E) No error

Q201 (A) He is (B) senior than (C) me (D) by two years. (E) No error

Q202 (A) This phone (B) is superior (C) than (D) that one. (E) No error

Q203 (A) I prefer (B) tea (C) than (D) coffee. (E) No error

Q204 (A) He is (B) the tallest (C) of the two (D) brothers. (E) No error

Q205 (A) Ravi is (B) better (C) than (D) any boy in the class. (E) No error

Q206 (A) Mumbai is (B) bigger than (C) any other (D) city in Australia. (E) No error

Q207 (A) The climate of Shimla (B) is better (C) than (D) Delhi. (E) No error

Q208 (A) His marks (B) are higher (C) than (D) his brother. (E) No error

Q209 (A) She is (B) very (C) taller (D) than me. (E) No error

Q210 (A) This is (B) a (C) much interesting (D) story. (E) No error

Q211 (A) He has (B) less (C) friends (D) than you. (E) No error

Q212 (A) There is (B) fewer (C) water (D) in the tank today. (E) No error





Q213 (A) He has (B) a few (C) money (D) to spend. (E) No error

Q214 (A) I have (B) little (C) friends (D) in this city. (E) No error

Q215 (A) He is (B) elder (C) than (D) his sister. (E) No error

Q216 (A) She is (B) my (C) older (D) sister. (E) No error

#### ANSWERS + THE RULE

Q199 (B) “more smarter” → “smarter” — Never use “more” with an -er comparative.

Q200 (B) “the most best” → “the best” — No double superlative.

Q201 (B) “senior than” → “senior to” — Senior, junior, superior, inferior, prior take “to”.

Q202 (C) “than” → “to” — “Superior” takes “to”.

Q203 (C) “than” → “to” — “Prefer” takes “to”.

Q204 (B) “the tallest” → “the taller” — Use the comparative for two.

Q205 (D) “any boy” → “any other boy” — When comparing within the same group, add “other”.

Q206 (C) “any other” → “any” — Mumbai is not in Australia, so “other” is wrong.

Q207 (D) “Delhi” → “that of Delhi” — Compare like with like: climate with climate.

Q208 (D) “his brother” → “his brother’s” — Compare marks with marks.

Q209 (B) “very” → “much” — Use “much”, not “very”, before a comparative.

Q210 (C) “much interesting” → “very interesting” — Use “very” before a positive adjective.

Q211 (B) “less” → “fewer” — “Fewer” for countable nouns, “less” for uncountable.

Q212 (B) “fewer” → “less” — “Water” is uncountable.

Q213 (B) “a few” → “a little” — “A little” for uncountable nouns.

Q214 (B) “little” → “few” — “Few” for countable nouns.

Q215 (B) “elder” → “older” — “Elder” is not followed by “than”.

Q216 (C) “older” → “elder” — Use “elder” for family members before a noun.





## SET 12 · ADJECTIVES &amp; DEGREES

Q217–233 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question.  
Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q217 (A) This is (B) the (C) latest (D) news. (E) No error

Q218 (A) The last (B) two (C) chapters (D) are difficult. (E) No error

Q219 (A) The two last (B) pages (C) of the book (D) are missing. (E) No error

Q220 (A) He is (B) more (C) cleverer (D) than his friends. (E) No error

Q221 (A) Of the two (B) plans, (C) this is (D) the best. (E) No error

Q222 (A) She is (B) as clever (C) than (D) her brother. (E) No error

Q223 (A) He is (B) not so tall (C) as (D) his father. (E) No error

Q224 (A) This box is (B) more heavier (C) than (D) that one. (E) No error

Q225 (A) The food (B) smells (C) well (D) today. (E) No error

Q226 (A) She looks (B) beautifully (C) in (D) the saree. (E) No error

Q227 (A) The milk (B) tastes (C) sourly (D) today. (E) No error

Q228 (A) He is (B) a (C) five feet tall (D) man. (E) No error

Q229 (A) This is (B) the (C) more (D) important point of all. (E) No error

Q230 (A) He is (B) one of the (C) cleverest boy (D) in the class. (E) No error





Q231 (A) My all (B) friends (C) came to (D) the party. (E) No error

Q232 (A) Both of (B) his (C) legs were (D) broken. (E) No error

Q233 (A) I have (B) no (C) any (D) money left. (E) No error

#### ANSWERS + THE RULE

Q217 (E) No error — No error.

Q218 (E) No error — No error: “the last two”, not “the two last”.

Q219 (A) “The two last” → “The last two” — Ordinal/“last” comes before the number.

Q220 (B) “more” → (remove) — Double comparative.

Q221 (D) “the best” → “the better” — Comparative for two.

Q222 (C) “than” → “as” — “As ... as” for equal comparison.

Q223 (E) No error — No error.

Q224 (B) “more heavier” → “heavier” — Double comparative.

Q225 (C) “well” → “good” — After linking verbs (smell, taste, look), use an adjective.

Q226 (B) “beautifully” → “beautiful” — After “look” (appearance), use an adjective.

Q227 (C) “sourly” → “sour” — After “taste”, use an adjective.

Q228 (C) “five feet tall” → “five-foot-tall” — Number + noun as an adjective is singular.

Q229 (C) “more” → “most” — Superlative for more than two (“of all”).

Q230 (C) “cleverest boy” → “cleverest boys” — “One of the” + plural noun.

Q231 (A) “My all” → “All my” — “All” comes before the possessive.

Q232 (E) No error — No error.

Q233 (C) “no any” → “no” (or “not any”) — Do not use “no” and “any” together.





## SET 13 · ADVERBS

Q234–258 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q234 (A) He speaks (B) English (C) very good (D) for his age. (E) No error

Q235 (A) She sings (B) sweet (C) at (D) every function. (E) No error

Q236 (A) He works (B) hardly (C) to pass (D) the exam. (E) No error

Q237 (A) Hardly (B) had he reached (C) than (D) it began to rain. (E) No error

Q238 (A) No sooner (B) did he see the police (C) when (D) he ran away. (E) No error

Q239 (A) Seldom (B) he comes (C) to (D) the office. (E) No error

Q240 (A) Never (B) I have seen (C) such (D) a beautiful place. (E) No error

Q241 (A) He is (B) enough clever (C) to (D) solve it. (E) No error

Q242 (A) She is (B) too weak (C) to walk (D) without help. (E) No error

Q243 (A) He is (B) too (C) happy (D) to see you. (E) No error

Q244 (A) I am (B) very much (C) glad (D) to meet you. (E) No error

Q245 (A) He always (B) is (C) late (D) for class. (E) No error

Q246 (A) She (B) goes often (C) to (D) the library. (E) No error

Q247 (A) He did (B) the work (C) carefully (D) and quickly. (E) No error





Q248 (A) The train (B) has already (C) left (D) the station. (E) No error

Q249 (A) I have (B) seen him (C) yesterday (D) at the market. (E) No error

Q250 (A) He came (B) lately (C) to the (D) meeting. (E) No error

Q251 (A) She is (B) very (C) fond of (D) music. (E) No error

Q252 (A) He ran (B) fastly (C) to catch (D) the bus. (E) No error

Q253 (A) Scarcely (B) had I entered (C) than (D) the phone rang. (E) No error

Q254 (A) Not only (B) he is intelligent (C) but also (D) hardworking. (E) No error

Q255 (A) He (B) nearly (C) never (D) misses a class. (E) No error

Q256 (A) He is (B) so (C) weak (D) to walk. (E) No error

Q257 (A) She came (B) back (C) home (D) late at night. (E) No error

Q258 (A) Rarely (B) we go (C) to the cinema (D) these days. (E) No error



**ANSWERS + THE RULE**

- Q234 (C)** “very good” → “very well” — Use an adverb to describe a verb.
- Q235 (B)** “sweet” → “sweetly” — An adverb describes how she sings.
- Q236 (B)** “hardly” → “hard” — “Hardly” means “almost not”.
- Q237 (C)** “than” → “when” — “Hardly / Scarcely ... when”.
- Q238 (C)** “when” → “than” — “No sooner ... than”.
- Q239 (B)** “he comes” → “does he come” — After a negative adverb at the start, invert subject and verb.
- Q240 (B)** “I have seen” → “have I seen” — Inversion after “never” at the start.
- Q241 (B)** “enough clever” → “clever enough” — “Enough” comes after an adjective.
- Q242 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q243 (B)** “too” → “very” — “Too” has a negative sense; use “very” for a positive one.
- Q244 (B)** “very much” → “very” — Use “very” before an adjective.
- Q245 (A)** “He always is” → “He is always” — Adverbs of frequency come after “be”.
- Q246 (B)** “goes often” → “often goes” — Adverbs of frequency come before the main verb.
- Q247 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q248 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q249 (A)** “I have seen” → “I saw” — A past time word (yesterday) takes the simple past.
- Q250 (B)** “lately” → “late” — “Lately” means “recently”.
- Q251 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q252 (B)** “fastly” → “fast” — “Fast” is both adjective and adverb; “fastly” is not a word.
- Q253 (C)** “than” → “when” — “Scarcely ... when”.
- Q254 (B)** “he is” → “is he” — Inversion after “Not only” at the start.
- Q255 (B)** “nearly” → “almost” — Use “almost” (not “nearly”) with “never”.
- Q256 (B)** “so ... to” → “too ... to” (or “so weak that he cannot walk”) — “So” is followed by “that”, not “to”.
- Q257 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q258 (B)** “we go” → “do we go” — Inversion after a negative adverb.





## SET 14 · VERBS &amp; TENSES

Q259–281 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q259 (A) We have been (B) living in (C) this city (D) since ten years. (E) No error

Q260 (A) He is (B) working here (C) since (D) 2019. (E) No error

Q261 (A) I am (B) knowing (C) him (D) for years. (E) No error

Q262 (A) She is (B) having (C) a big house (D) in Delhi. (E) No error

Q263 (A) If I was (B) you, (C) I would (D) apologise. (E) No error

Q264 (A) If he will come, (B) I (C) will (D) tell him. (E) No error

Q265 (A) If I had known, (B) I (C) would help (D) you. (E) No error

Q266 (A) He (B) did not (C) went (D) to school yesterday. (E) No error

Q267 (A) Did (B) she (C) finished (D) her work? (E) No error

Q268 (A) He has (B) wrote (C) three (D) letters today. (E) No error

Q269 (A) The sun (B) rise (C) in the east (D) every morning. (E) No error

Q270 (A) The teacher said (B) that the earth (C) moved (D) round the sun. (E) No error

Q271 (A) When I reached (B) the station, (C) the train (D) already left. (E) No error

Q272 (A) I will (B) call you (C) when I (D) will reach home. (E) No error





Q273 (A) He told me (B) that he (C) will come (D) the next day. (E) No error

Q274 (A) She (B) has went (C) to the market (D) just now. (E) No error

Q275 (A) The bell (B) has rang (C) five minutes (D) ago. (E) No error

Q276 (A) He (B) is (C) resembling (D) his father. (E) No error

Q277 (A) I (B) am (C) understanding (D) the lesson now. (E) No error

Q278 (A) The baby (B) is (C) sleeping (D) in the cradle. (E) No error

Q279 (A) She (B) had (C) went (D) home before I came. (E) No error

Q280 (A) He (B) lay (C) the book (D) on the table. (E) No error

Q281 (A) The hen (B) has laid (C) two eggs (D) today. (E) No error



**ANSWERS + THE RULE**

**Q259 (D)** “since” → “for” — “For” + period of time; “since” + point of time.

**Q260 (A)** “He is” → “He has been” — An action from the past to now takes the present perfect continuous.

**Q261 (A)** “I am knowing” → “I have known” — “Know” is not used in the continuous; time span needs present perfect.

**Q262 (B)** “is having” → “has” — “Have” (possess) is not used in the continuous.

**Q263 (A)** “If I was” → “If I were” — Use “were” in imaginary conditions.

**Q264 (A)** “If he will come” → “If he comes” — No “will” in the if-clause of the first conditional.

**Q265 (C)** “would help” → “would have helped” — Third conditional: had + V3 ... would have + V3.

**Q266 (C)** “went” → “go” — After “did / did not”, use the base form.

**Q267 (C)** “finished” → “finish” — After “did”, use the base form.

**Q268 (B)** “wrote” → “written” — Present perfect: has/have + V3.

**Q269 (B)** “rise” → “rises” — Universal truths take the simple present, with -s for a singular subject.

**Q270 (C)** “moved” → “moves” — A universal truth stays in the present tense in reported speech.

**Q271 (D)** “already left” → “had already left” — The earlier of two past actions takes the past perfect.

**Q272 (D)** “will reach” → “reach” — No “will” in a time clause (when, after, before) about the future.

**Q273 (C)** “will come” → “would come” — Reported speech: will → would after a past reporting verb.

**Q274 (B)** “has went” → “has gone” — Present perfect uses V3 (gone).

**Q275 (B)** “has rang” → “rang” — “Ago” takes the simple past.

**Q276 (C)** “is resembling” → “resembles” — “Resemble” is not used in the continuous.

**Q277 (C)** “am understanding” → “understand” — “Understand” is a state verb.

**Q278 (E)** No error — No error.

**Q279 (C)** “went” → “gone” — Past perfect: had + V3.

**Q280 (B)** “lay” → “laid” — “Lay” (put) – laid – laid; “lie” (rest) – lay – lain.

**Q281 (E)** No error — No error.





## SET 15 · VERBS &amp; TENSES

Q282–303 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q282 (A) He has been (B) lying (C) in bed (D) all day. (E) No error

Q283 (A) The thief (B) was hung (C) for (D) murder. (E) No error

Q284 (A) He (B) raised (C) from his seat (D) to greet us. (E) No error

Q285 (A) Prices (B) are rising (C) day by (D) day. (E) No error

Q286 (A) He insisted (B) to go (C) to the (D) meeting. (E) No error

Q287 (A) I look forward (B) to meet (C) you (D) soon. (E) No error

Q288 (A) She is (B) used to (C) get up (D) early. (E) No error

Q289 (A) He avoided (B) to answer (C) my (D) question. (E) No error

Q290 (A) I enjoy (B) to swim (C) in (D) the sea. (E) No error

Q291 (A) He made me (B) to wait (C) for (D) an hour. (E) No error

Q292 (A) Let him (B) to go (C) home (D) now. (E) No error

Q293 (A) He suggested (B) me (C) to see (D) a doctor. (E) No error

Q294 (A) She (B) is (C) married with (D) a doctor. (E) No error

Q295 (A) The work (B) will be (C) done (D) by tomorrow. (E) No error





Q296 (A) A new bridge (B) is being (C) build (D) over the river. (E) No error

Q297 (A) English is (B) speaking (C) all over (D) the world. (E) No error

Q298 (A) He (B) ought (C) study (D) harder. (E) No error

Q299 (A) You (B) need not (C) to (D) worry. (E) No error

Q300 (A) He (B) dare not (C) to (D) speak to the boss. (E) No error

Q301 (A) She (B) can (C) speaks (D) three languages. (E) No error

Q302 (A) We (B) must (C) reached (D) there by noon. (E) No error

Q303 (A) I wish (B) I (C) was (D) a bird. (E) No error



**ANSWERS + THE RULE**

- Q282 (E)** No error — No error: “lie” (rest) → lying.
- Q283 (B)** “hung” → “hanged” — People are “hanged”; pictures are “hung”.
- Q284 (B)** “raised” → “rose” — “Rise” (go up yourself) – rose; “raise” needs an object.
- Q285 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q286 (B)** “to go” → “on going” — “Insist on” + -ing.
- Q287 (B)** “to meet” → “to meeting” — “Look forward to” + -ing.
- Q288 (C)** “get up” → “getting up” — “Be used to” + -ing.
- Q289 (B)** “to answer” → “answering” — “Avoid” + -ing.
- Q290 (B)** “to swim” → “swimming” — “Enjoy” + -ing.
- Q291 (B)** “to wait” → “wait” — After “make / let”, use the base form without “to”.
- Q292 (B)** “to go” → “go” — After “let”, no “to”.
- Q293 (B)** “me to see” → “that I (should) see” — “Suggest” is not followed by an object + infinitive.
- Q294 (C)** “married with” → “married to” — “Married to”.
- Q295 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q296 (C)** “build” → “built” — Passive: be + V3.
- Q297 (B)** “speaking” → “spoken” — Passive voice needs V3.
- Q298 (B)** “ought study” → “ought to study” — “Ought” is followed by “to”.
- Q299 (C)** “to” → (remove) — “Need not” + base form.
- Q300 (C)** “to” → (remove) — “Dare not” + base form.
- Q301 (C)** “speaks” → “speak” — After a modal, use the base form.
- Q302 (C)** “reached” → “reach” — Modal + base form.
- Q303 (C)** “was” → “were” — “Wish” + imaginary situation takes “were”.





## SET 16 · PREPOSITIONS

Q304–328 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q304 (A) He (B) is (C) good in (D) mathematics. (E) No error

Q305 (A) She (B) is (C) afraid from (D) dogs. (E) No error

Q306 (A) He was (B) accused for (C) theft (D) by the police. (E) No error

Q307 (A) The thief (B) was charged (C) for (D) murder. (E) No error

Q308 (A) He (B) died from (C) cholera (D) last year. (E) No error

Q309 (A) She (B) is (C) married with (D) an engineer. (E) No error

Q310 (A) He (B) congratulated me (C) for (D) my success. (E) No error

Q311 (A) I (B) am (C) senior from (D) him. (E) No error

Q312 (A) She (B) is (C) fond for (D) music. (E) No error

Q313 (A) He (B) is (C) blind from (D) one eye. (E) No error

Q314 (A) The train (B) arrived (C) to (D) Delhi on time. (E) No error

Q315 (A) We (B) reached at (C) the station (D) late. (E) No error

Q316 (A) He (B) entered into (C) the room (D) quietly. (E) No error

Q317 (A) Let us (B) discuss about (C) the plan (D) tomorrow. (E) No error





Q318 (A) She (B) ordered for (C) a pizza (D) online. (E) No error

Q319 (A) He (B) requested for (C) a loan (D) from the bank. (E) No error

Q320 (A) They (B) married (C) in (D) 2020. (E) No error

Q321 (A) He (B) resembles to (C) his father (D) very much. (E) No error

Q322 (A) I (B) will meet you (C) in (D) Monday. (E) No error

Q323 (A) The meeting (B) is (C) on (D) 5 p.m. (E) No error

Q324 (A) He was born (B) on (C) 1998 (D) in Patna. (E) No error

Q325 (A) She is (B) angry on (C) me (D) for coming late. (E) No error

Q326 (A) He is (B) proud for (C) his (D) son's success. (E) No error

Q327 (A) She (B) is (C) interested on (D) painting. (E) No error

Q328 (A) He (B) has no (C) objection on (D) this plan. (E) No error



**ANSWERS + THE RULE**

- Q304 (C)** “good in” → “good at” — “Good at” a subject or skill.
- Q305 (C)** “afraid from” → “afraid of” — “Afraid of”.
- Q306 (B)** “accused for” → “accused of” — “Accused of”.
- Q307 (C)** “for” → “with” — “Charged with” a crime.
- Q308 (B)** “died from” → “died of” — “Die of” a disease.
- Q309 (C)** “married with” → “married to” — “Married to”.
- Q310 (C)** “for” → “on” — “Congratulate on”.
- Q311 (C)** “senior from” → “senior to” — “Senior to”.
- Q312 (C)** “fond for” → “fond of” — “Fond of”.
- Q313 (C)** “blind from” → “blind of” — “Blind of” one eye.
- Q314 (C)** “to” → “at” (or “in”) — “Arrive at” a station, “arrive in” a city — never “arrive to”.
- Q315 (B)** “reached at” → “reached” — “Reach” takes no preposition.
- Q316 (B)** “entered into” → “entered” — “Enter” a place takes no preposition (“enter into” an agreement).
- Q317 (B)** “discuss about” → “discuss” — “Discuss” takes no preposition.
- Q318 (B)** “ordered for” → “ordered” — “Order” something: no “for”.
- Q319 (B)** “requested for” → “requested” — “Request” (verb) takes no “for”.
- Q320 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q321 (B)** “resembles to” → “resembles” — “Resemble” takes no preposition.
- Q322 (C)** “in” → “on” — “On” for days and dates.
- Q323 (C)** “on” → “at” — “At” for clock times.
- Q324 (B)** “on” → “in” — “In” for years and months.
- Q325 (B)** “angry on” → “angry with” — “Angry with” a person, “angry at/about” a thing.
- Q326 (B)** “proud for” → “proud of” — “Proud of”.
- Q327 (C)** “interested on” → “interested in” — “Interested in”.
- Q328 (C)** “objection on” → “objection to” — “Objection to”.





## SET 17 · PREPOSITIONS

Q329–353 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q329 (A) The book (B) was (C) divided in (D) ten chapters. (E) No error

Q330 (A) He (B) jumped (C) in (D) the river to save the child. (E) No error

Q331 (A) She (B) is (C) in (D) the kitchen now. (E) No error

Q332 (A) Write (B) with (C) ink, (D) not pencil. (E) No error

Q333 (A) He (B) cut the cake (C) by (D) a knife. (E) No error

Q334 (A) The letter (B) was written (C) with (D) Ramesh. (E) No error

Q335 (A) He (B) is (C) confident of (D) success. (E) No error

Q336 (A) She (B) is (C) good for (D) cooking. (E) No error

Q337 (A) I (B) prefer (C) walking to (D) driving. (E) No error

Q338 (A) He (B) is (C) addicted with (D) smoking. (E) No error

Q339 (A) We should (B) abide with (C) the rules (D) of the game. (E) No error

Q340 (A) She (B) is (C) aware about (D) the problem. (E) No error

Q341 (A) He (B) insisted for (C) paying (D) the bill. (E) No error

Q342 (A) The house (B) is (C) made from (D) bricks. (E) No error





Q343 (A) He (B) lives (C) at (D) Mumbai. (E) No error

Q344 (A) She (B) lives (C) in (D) Park Street, number 5. (E) No error

Q345 (A) He (B) is (C) sitting (D) besides me. (E) No error

Q346 (A) Besides (B) English, (C) he speaks (D) French. (E) No error

Q347 (A) She (B) distributed sweets (C) between (D) all the children. (E) No error

Q348 (A) The money (B) was divided (C) between (D) the two brothers. (E) No error

Q349 (A) He (B) has been (C) ill from (D) Monday. (E) No error

Q350 (A) I (B) will finish (C) the work (D) within an hour. (E) No error

Q351 (A) He (B) is (C) junior than (D) me in service. (E) No error

Q352 (A) She (B) took (C) leave for (D) three days. (E) No error

Q353 (A) He (B) is (C) famous for (D) his honesty. (E) No error



**ANSWERS + THE RULE**

- Q329 (C)** “divided in” → “divided into” — “Divide into” parts.
- Q330 (C)** “in” → “into” — “Into” for movement inside.
- Q331 (E)** No error — No error: “in” for position.
- Q332 (B)** “with” → “in” — Write “in” ink / pencil; write “with” a pen.
- Q333 (C)** “by” → “with” — “With” for the instrument used.
- Q334 (C)** “with” → “by” — “By” for the doer in passive voice.
- Q335 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q336 (C)** “good for” → “good at” — “Good at” a skill.
- Q337 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q338 (C)** “addicted with” → “addicted to” — “Addicted to”.
- Q339 (B)** “abide with” → “abide by” — “Abide by” rules.
- Q340 (C)** “aware about” → “aware of” — “Aware of”.
- Q341 (B)** “insisted for” → “insisted on” — “Insist on”.
- Q342 (C)** “made from” → “made of” — “Made of” (material still seen); “made from” (changed, e.g. paper from wood).
- Q343 (C)** “at” → “in” — “In” for big cities and countries.
- Q344 (C)** “in” → “at” — “At” for an exact address.
- Q345 (D)** “besides” → “beside” — “Beside” = next to; “besides” = in addition to.
- Q346 (E)** No error — No error: “besides” = in addition to.
- Q347 (C)** “between” → “among” — “Between” for two, “among” for more.
- Q348 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q349 (C)** “from” → “since” — With present perfect, use “since” for a starting point.
- Q350 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q351 (C)** “junior than” → “junior to” — “Junior to”.
- Q352 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q353 (E)** No error — No error.





## SET 18 · CONJUNCTIONS

Q354–371 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q354 (A) Although (B) he is rich, (C) but (D) he is not happy. (E) No error

Q355 (A) Though (B) she worked hard, (C) yet (D) she failed. (E) No error

Q356 (A) Because (B) he was ill, (C) so (D) he did not come. (E) No error

Q357 (A) As soon as (B) I reached, (C) then (D) it started raining. (E) No error

Q358 (A) Unless (B) you do not work hard, (C) you (D) will fail. (E) No error

Q359 (A) Until (B) he does not come, (C) we will (D) wait. (E) No error

Q360 (A) Not only (B) he sings (C) but also (D) dances. (E) No error

Q361 (A) She is (B) both (C) beautiful as well as (D) intelligent. (E) No error

Q362 (A) Either (B) you come (C) nor (D) send your brother. (E) No error

Q363 (A) Neither (B) he called (C) or (D) wrote to me. (E) No error

Q364 (A) No sooner (B) had the bell rung (C) when (D) the students rushed out. (E) No error

Q365 (A) Scarcely (B) had he left (C) than (D) the guests arrived. (E) No error

Q366 (A) He is (B) so (C) tired (D) to work today. (E) No error

Q367 (A) She speaks (B) as if (C) she was (D) the owner. (E) No error





Q368 (A) Hardly (B) had I reached home (C) when (D) the storm began. (E) No error

Q369 (A) I doubt (B) that (C) he will (D) come. (E) No error

Q370 (A) I do not doubt (B) whether (C) he is (D) honest. (E) No error

Q371 (A) Walk fast (B) lest (C) you should not (D) miss the train. (E) No error

#### ANSWERS + THE RULE

Q354 (C) “but” → (remove) or “yet” — “Although” is not followed by “but”.

Q355 (E) No error — No error: “though ... yet” is correct.

Q356 (C) “so” → (remove) — Do not use “because” and “so” together.

Q357 (C) “then” → (remove) — “As soon as” needs no “then”.

Q358 (B) “do not work” → “work” — “Unless” already means “if not”.

Q359 (B) “does not come” → “comes” — “Until” is negative in sense; do not add “not”.

Q360 (B) “he sings” → “does he sing” (or “He not only sings”) — Place “not only” before the same part of speech as “but also”.

Q361 (C) “as well as” → “and” — “Both ... and”.

Q362 (C) “nor” → “or” — “Either ... or”, “neither ... nor”.

Q363 (C) “or” → “nor” — “Neither ... nor”.

Q364 (C) “when” → “than” — “No sooner ... than”.

Q365 (C) “than” → “when” — “Scarcely ... when”.

Q366 (B) “so” → “too” — “Too ... to” (or “so ... that”).

Q367 (C) “was” → “were” — “As if / as though” + imaginary situation takes “were”.

Q368 (E) No error — No error.

Q369 (B) “that” → “whether” — “Doubt” in a positive sentence takes “whether / if”.

Q370 (B) “whether” → “that” — A negative “doubt” takes “that”.

Q371 (C) “should not” → “should” — “Lest” already means “so that ... not”.





## SET 19 · CONJUNCTIONS

Q372–388 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q372 (A) The reason (B) why he failed (C) is because (D) he was lazy. (E) No error

Q373 (A) He asked me (B) that (C) whether (D) I was free. (E) No error

Q374 (A) Wait here (B) till (C) I (D) return. (E) No error

Q375 (A) He worked hard (B) so that (C) he could (D) pass. (E) No error

Q376 (A) Such was (B) his anger (C) that (D) he broke the glass. (E) No error

Q377 (A) She is (B) not only (C) clever (D) but also hardworking. (E) No error

Q378 (A) As (B) he was tired, (C) therefore (D) he slept early. (E) No error

Q379 (A) He is (B) poor (C) but (D) honest. (E) No error

Q380 (A) Since (B) it was raining, (C) so (D) we stayed home. (E) No error

Q381 (A) I know (B) neither (C) the man (D) or his son. (E) No error

Q382 (A) The book (B) is (C) as good (D) if not better than, the film. (E) No error

Q383 (A) He would (B) rather die (C) than (D) beg. (E) No error

Q384 (A) I prefer (B) to die (C) than (D) beg. (E) No error

Q385 (A) He had (B) barely (C) finished (D) than she arrived. (E) No error





Q386 (A) Whether (B) you like it (C) or not (D) you must go. (E) No error

Q387 (A) She (B) was (C) both tired and (D) hungry. (E) No error

Q388 (A) He came (B) and (C) he (D) told me everything. (E) No error

#### ANSWERS + THE RULE

Q372 (C) “because” → “that” — “The reason ... is that”.

Q373 (B) “that” → (remove) — Do not use “that” before “whether / if”.

Q374 (E) No error — No error.

Q375 (E) No error — No error.

Q376 (E) No error — No error.

Q377 (E) No error — No error.

Q378 (C) “therefore” → (remove) — Do not use “as” and “therefore” together.

Q379 (E) No error — No error.

Q380 (C) “so” → (remove) — Do not use “since” and “so” together.

Q381 (D) “or” → “nor” — “Neither ... nor”.

Q382 (C) “as good” → “as good as,” — Complete both comparisons: “as good as, if not better than”.

Q383 (E) No error — No error: “would rather ... than”.

Q384 (C) “than” → “rather than” — “Prefer to ... rather than ...”.

Q385 (D) “than” → “when” — “Barely / hardly / scarcely ... when”.

Q386 (E) No error — No error.

Q387 (E) No error — No error.

Q388 (E) No error — No error.





## SET 20 · CONFUSING WORDS &amp; USAGE

Q389–410 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question.  
Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q389 (A) The new rule (B) will (C) effect (D) all employees. (E) No error

Q390 (A) The medicine (B) had (C) a good affect (D) on him. (E) No error

Q391 (A) Please (B) accept (C) my (D) advise. (E) No error

Q392 (A) I (B) will advice (C) you (D) to rest. (E) No error

Q393 (A) The principle (B) of our school (C) is (D) very strict. (E) No error

Q394 (A) Honesty is (B) my (C) guiding (D) principal. (E) No error

Q395 (A) She bought (B) new (C) stationary (D) for school. (E) No error

Q396 (A) The car (B) was (C) stationery (D) at the signal. (E) No error

Q397 (A) He (B) lost (C) his (D) conscious after the fall. (E) No error

Q398 (A) The thief (B) was (C) caught (D) red-handed. (E) No error

Q399 (A) I (B) am (C) loosing (D) my patience. (E) No error

Q400 (A) His shirt (B) is (C) too lose (D) for him. (E) No error

Q401 (A) Their (B) is (C) a cat (D) on the roof. (E) No error

Q402 (A) They (B) forgot (C) there (D) books at home. (E) No error





Q403 (A) Your (B) going (C) to love (D) this film. (E) No error

Q404 (A) He (B) is (C) taller (D) then his brother. (E) No error

Q405 (A) First finish (B) your work, (C) than (D) go out. (E) No error

Q406 (A) Who's (B) bag (C) is (D) this? (E) No error

Q407 (A) He gave (B) a (C) brief (D) resume of the talk. (E) No error

Q408 (A) She (B) complemented (C) me (D) on my dress. (E) No error

Q409 (A) The army (B) marched (C) through (D) the desert. (E) No error

Q410 (A) He (B) is (C) an (D) eminent danger. (E) No error



**ANSWERS + THE RULE**

- Q389 (C)** “effect” → “affect” — “Affect” (verb) = to influence; “effect” (noun) = result.
- Q390 (C)** “affect” → “effect” — “Effect” is the noun.
- Q391 (D)** “advise” → “advice” — “Advice” (noun), “advise” (verb).
- Q392 (B)** “advise” → “advise” — “Advise” is the verb.
- Q393 (A)** “principle” → “principal” — “Principal” = head; “principle” = rule.
- Q394 (D)** “principal” → “principle” — “Principle” = a basic rule.
- Q395 (C)** “stationary” → “stationery” — “Stationery” = paper, pens; “stationary” = not moving.
- Q396 (C)** “stationery” → “stationary” — “Stationary” = not moving.
- Q397 (D)** “conscious” → “consciousness” — Noun needed: “consciousness”.
- Q398 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q399 (C)** “loosing” → “losing” — “Lose” (not win/keep); “loose” = not tight.
- Q400 (C)** “lose” → “loose” — “Loose” = not tight.
- Q401 (A)** “Their” → “There” — “There” for place/existence; “their” = belonging to them.
- Q402 (C)** “there” → “their” — “Their” shows possession.
- Q403 (A)** “Your” → “You’re” — “You’re” = you are.
- Q404 (D)** “then” → “than” — “Than” for comparison; “then” for time.
- Q405 (C)** “than” → “then” — “Then” = after that.
- Q406 (A)** “Who’s” → “Whose” — “Whose” shows possession; “who’s” = who is.
- Q407 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q408 (B)** “complemented” → “complimented” — “Compliment” = praise; “complement” = complete.
- Q409 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q410 (D)** “eminent” → “imminent” — “Imminent” = about to happen; “eminent” = famous.





## SET 21 · CONFUSING WORDS &amp; USAGE

Q411–431 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q411 (A) She is (B) an imminent (C) scientist (D) of India. (E) No error

Q412 (A) The judge (B) was (C) disinterested (D) in the case and gave a fair verdict. (E) No error

Q413 (A) He was (B) uninterested (C) in (D) the lecture. (E) No error

Q414 (A) The farmer (B) grows (C) corn (D) in his feild. (E) No error

Q415 (A) I (B) recieved (C) your (D) letter. (E) No error

Q416 (A) He (B) is (C) a man of (D) principals. (E) No error

Q417 (A) The cost of (B) living (C) has (D) raised. (E) No error

Q418 (A) She (B) can't hardly (C) see (D) without glasses. (E) No error

Q419 (A) I (B) don't know (C) nothing (D) about it. (E) No error

Q420 (A) He (B) is (C) liable to (D) pay the fine. (E) No error

Q421 (A) He (B) is (C) likely (D) to come today. (E) No error

Q422 (A) The two (B) brothers (C) are (D) quite alike. (E) No error

Q423 (A) She (B) is (C) quiet (D) sure about it. (E) No error

Q424 (A) Please (B) keep (C) quite (D) in the library. (E) No error





Q425 (A) He (B) past (C) the exam (D) easily. (E) No error

Q426 (A) We (B) have (C) less (D) chairs than guests. (E) No error

Q427 (A) Each (B) of the (C) two candidates (D) was interviewed. (E) No error

Q428 (A) Among (B) the two (C) sisters, (D) Rita is taller. (E) No error

Q429 (A) He (B) has (C) lend me (D) his book. (E) No error

Q430 (A) Can I (B) borrow (C) your (D) pen? (E) No error

Q431 (A) Please (B) borrow me (C) your (D) bicycle. (E) No error



**ANSWERS + THE RULE**

- Q411 (B)** “imminent” → “eminent” — “Eminent” = famous, respected.
- Q412 (E)** No error — No error: “disinterested” = neutral, unbiased.
- Q413 (E)** No error — No error: “uninterested” = not interested.
- Q414 (D)** “feild” → “field” — Spelling: “i before e except after c”.
- Q415 (B)** “recieved” → “received” — After “c”, write “ei”.
- Q416 (D)** “principals” → “principles” — “Principles” = moral rules.
- Q417 (D)** “raised” → “risen” — “Rise” (no object): rise – rose – risen.
- Q418 (B)** “can’t hardly” → “can hardly” — Double negative.
- Q419 (C)** “nothing” → “anything” — Double negative.
- Q420 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q421 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q422 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q423 (C)** “quiet” → “quite” — “Quite” = completely; “quiet” = silent.
- Q424 (C)** “quite” → “quiet” — “Quiet” = silent.
- Q425 (B)** “past” → “passed” — “Passed” is the verb; “past” = earlier time.
- Q426 (C)** “less” → “fewer” — “Fewer” for countable nouns.
- Q427 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q428 (A)** “Among” → “Between” — “Between” for two.
- Q429 (C)** “lend” → “lent” — Present perfect: has + V3 (lent).
- Q430 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q431 (B)** “borrow me” → “lend me” — You “lend” to someone; you “borrow” from someone.





## SET 22 · STRUCTURE &amp; QUESTION TAGS

Q432–456 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q432 (A) She likes (B) reading, (C) writing (D) and to paint. (E) No error

Q433 (A) He is (B) honest, (C) hardworking (D) and a gentleman. (E) No error

Q434 (A) She (B) not only plays (C) the guitar (D) but also the piano. (E) No error

Q435 (A) He is (B) a good student, (C) isn't (D) it? (E) No error

Q436 (A) You (B) are coming, (C) aren't (D) you? (E) No error

Q437 (A) I am (B) right, (C) amn't (D) I? (E) No error

Q438 (A) Let's (B) go for a walk, (C) will (D) we? (E) No error

Q439 (A) She (B) never comes late, (C) doesn't (D) she? (E) No error

Q440 (A) Everyone (B) enjoyed the party, (C) didn't (D) he? (E) No error

Q441 (A) Nobody (B) called, (C) did (D) they? (E) No error

Q442 (A) Open (B) the door, (C) will (D) you? (E) No error

Q443 (A) He has (B) finished, (C) didn't (D) he? (E) No error

Q444 (A) There are (B) no mistakes, (C) aren't (D) there? (E) No error

Q445 (A) The reason (B) for his absence (C) was (D) because he was ill. (E) No error





Q446 (A) Being (B) a rainy day, (C) we (D) stayed indoors. (E) No error

Q447 (A) Walking (B) along the road, (C) a snake (D) bit him. (E) No error

Q448 (A) He (B) returned back (C) from (D) Delhi yesterday. (E) No error

Q449 (A) Please (B) repeat (C) it again (D) for me. (E) No error

Q450 (A) The reason (B) why (C) he left (D) is not known. (E) No error

Q451 (A) He (B) is (C) the most unique (D) person I know. (E) No error

Q452 (A) She (B) is (C) more perfect (D) than her sister. (E) No error

Q453 (A) Both (B) of them (C) were (D) equally alike. (E) No error

Q454 (A) The (B) final (C) outcome (D) was good. (E) No error

Q455 (A) He (B) is (C) a (D) cent per cent honest man. (E) No error

Q456 (A) I (B) have (C) been (D) to Goa twice. (E) No error



**ANSWERS + THE RULE**

- Q432 (D)** “to paint” → “painting” — Parallel structure: keep the same form in a list.
- Q433 (D)** “and a gentleman” → “and polite” — Keep the list parallel (adjectives).
- Q434 (B)** “not only plays” → “plays not only” — Place “not only” and “but also” before the same kind of words.
- Q435 (D)** “it” → “he” — The tag uses the pronoun for the subject.
- Q436 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q437 (C)** “amn’t” → “aren’t” — The tag for “I am” is “aren’t I?”.
- Q438 (C)** “will” → “shall” — After “Let’s”, the tag is “shall we?”.
- Q439 (C)** “doesn’t” → “does” — A negative word (never) takes a positive tag.
- Q440 (D)** “he” → “they” — Tag for “everyone” uses “they”.
- Q441 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q442 (E)** No error — No error: imperative + “will you?”.
- Q443 (C)** “didn’t” → “hasn’t” — The tag repeats the helping verb (has).
- Q444 (C)** “aren’t” → “are” — “No” makes the sentence negative; use a positive tag.
- Q445 (D)** “because” → “that” — “The reason ... was that”.
- Q446 (A)** “Being a rainy day” → “It being a rainy day” — Dangling participle: the subject must be clear.
- Q447 (C)** “a snake bit him” → “he was bitten by a snake” — Dangling participle: the walker must be the subject.
- Q448 (B)** “returned back” → “returned” — “Return” already means “come back” (redundancy).
- Q449 (C)** “it again” → “it” — Redundancy: “repeat” already means “say again”.
- Q450 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q451 (C)** “the most unique” → “unique” — “Unique” has no degrees.
- Q452 (C)** “more perfect” → “better” — “Perfect” has no comparative.
- Q453 (D)** “equally alike” → “alike” — Redundancy.
- Q454 (B)** “final” → (remove) — Redundancy: “outcome” is already final.
- Q455 (D)** “cent per cent” → “completely” — Use standard English: “completely / one hundred per cent”.
- Q456 (E)** No error — No error.





## SET 23 · MIXED REVISION

Q457–478 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q457 (A) One of (B) my friend (C) is (D) a doctor in Delhi. (E) No error

Q458 (A) He is (B) senior than (C) me by (D) two years. (E) No error

Q459 (A) The news (B) are (C) very good (D) for all of us. (E) No error

Q460 (A) She is (B) more smarter (C) than her (D) elder sister. (E) No error

Q461 (A) Neither Ravi (B) nor his friends (C) was present (D) at the meeting. (E) No error

Q462 (A) He (B) did not (C) knew (D) the answer. (E) No error

Q463 (A) I (B) am (C) agree (D) with you. (E) No error

Q464 (A) He (B) is (C) suffering from (D) fever since Monday. (E) No error

Q465 (A) Each boy (B) and each girl (C) were (D) given a book. (E) No error

Q466 (A) The teacher (B) told (C) that (D) the test was easy. (E) No error

Q467 (A) She (B) said me (C) that (D) she was busy. (E) No error

Q468 (A) He (B) explained me (C) the (D) problem. (E) No error

Q469 (A) She (B) described me (C) her (D) trip. (E) No error

Q470 (A) He (B) is (C) a (D) European. (E) No error





Q471 (A) This (B) is (C) an unique (D) chance. (E) No error

Q472 (A) I have (B) seen (C) this film (D) last week. (E) No error

Q473 (A) He (B) gave (C) me (D) a good news. (E) No error

Q474 (A) The furniture (B) of my (C) house (D) are new. (E) No error

Q475 (A) He (B) goes (C) to school (D) by foot. (E) No error

Q476 (A) She (B) is (C) good (D) in cooking. (E) No error

Q477 (A) I (B) have (C) no (D) other option. (E) No error

Q478 (A) We (B) discussed about (C) the (D) issue. (E) No error



**ANSWERS + THE RULE**

- Q457 (B)** “friend” → “friends” — “One of” + plural noun.
- Q458 (B)** “senior than” → “senior to” — Senior/junior/superior take “to”.
- Q459 (B)** “are” → “is” — “News” is singular.
- Q460 (B)** “more smarter” → “smarter” — Double comparative.
- Q461 (C)** “was” → “were” — The verb agrees with the nearer subject.
- Q462 (C)** “knew” → “know” — After “did not”, base form.
- Q463 (B)** “am agree” → “agree” — “Agree” is a verb; no “am”.
- Q464 (B)** “is” → “has been” — Action from a past point to now: present perfect continuous.
- Q465 (C)** “were” → “was” — “Each ... and each” takes a singular verb.
- Q466 (B)** “told” → “said” — “Tell” needs a person: “told us that”.
- Q467 (B)** “said me” → “told me” — “Say” is not followed directly by a person.
- Q468 (B)** “explained me” → “explained to me” — “Explain something to someone”.
- Q469 (B)** “described me” → “described to me” — “Describe something to someone”.
- Q470 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q471 (C)** “an unique” → “a unique” — “Unique” begins with a “yoo” sound.
- Q472 (A)** “I have seen” → “I saw” — A finished past time (last week) takes the simple past.
- Q473 (D)** “a good news” → “good news” — “News” is uncountable.
- Q474 (D)** “are” → “is” — “Furniture” is singular.
- Q475 (D)** “by foot” → “on foot” — “On foot”, but “by bus / by car”.
- Q476 (D)** “in cooking” → “at cooking” — “Good at”.
- Q477 (E)** No error — No error.
- Q478 (B)** “discussed about” → “discussed” — “Discuss” takes no preposition.





## SET 24 · MIXED REVISION

Q479–500 of 500

# Error Spotting

Find the part with the error. If there is no error, choose (E). Time yourself: about 30 seconds a question. Answers with the rule at the end of the set.

Q479 (A) If I (B) were (C) rich, I (D) would travel. (E) No error

Q480 (A) The man (B) which (C) came here (D) is my uncle. (E) No error

Q481 (A) No sooner (B) had he left (C) when (D) it rained. (E) No error

Q482 (A) He (B) has (C) gone (D) to Delhi yesterday. (E) No error

Q483 (A) Unless (B) you don't (C) study, (D) you will fail. (E) No error

Q484 (A) Each of (B) the players (C) have (D) a kit. (E) No error

Q485 (A) She (B) is (C) fond (D) of reading books. (E) No error

Q486 (A) The cattle (B) was (C) grazing (D) in the field. (E) No error

Q487 (A) He (B) is (C) too (D) weak to walk. (E) No error

Q488 (A) Hardly (B) he had (C) reached (D) when it rained. (E) No error

Q489 (A) The poor (B) is (C) always (D) suffering. (E) No error

Q490 (A) I prefer (B) coffee (C) than (D) tea. (E) No error

Q491 (A) My (B) all (C) books (D) are new. (E) No error

Q492 (A) He (B) enjoyed (C) during (D) the holidays. (E) No error





Q493 (A) She (B) made him (C) to cry (D) with her words. (E) No error

Q494 (A) Between (B) you and (C) me, (D) he is lying. (E) No error

Q495 (A) Two-thirds (B) of the (C) city (D) are flooded. (E) No error

Q496 (A) He (B) is (C) one of the (D) best player. (E) No error

Q497 (A) Scissors (B) is (C) on (D) the table. (E) No error

Q498 (A) He (B) has been (C) working (D) for three hours. (E) No error

Q499 (A) I (B) look forward (C) to hear (D) from you. (E) No error

Q500 (A) Let (B) he (C) go (D) home. (E) No error



**ANSWERS + THE RULE**

**Q479 (E)** No error — No error.

**Q480 (B)** “which” → “who” — “Who” for people.

**Q481 (C)** “when” → “than” — “No sooner ... than”.

**Q482 (B)** “has gone” → “went” — “Yesterday” takes the simple past.

**Q483 (B)** “you don’t” → “you” — “Unless” = if not; no extra “not”.

**Q484 (C)** “have” → “has” — “Each of” is singular.

**Q485 (E)** No error — No error.

**Q486 (B)** “was” → “were” — “Cattle” is plural.

**Q487 (E)** No error — No error.

**Q488 (B)** “he had” → “had he” — Inversion after “Hardly” at the start.

**Q489 (B)** “is” → “are” — “The poor” = poor people (plural).

**Q490 (C)** “than” → “to” — “Prefer ... to”.

**Q491 (A)** “My all books” → “All my books” — “All” comes before the possessive.

**Q492 (B)** “enjoyed” → “enjoyed himself” — “Enjoy” needs an object.

**Q493 (C)** “to cry” → “cry” — “Make” + object + base form.

**Q494 (E)** No error — No error.

**Q495 (D)** “are” → “is” — The verb agrees with “city”.

**Q496 (D)** “best player” → “best players” — “One of the best” + plural.

**Q497 (B)** “is” → “are” — “Scissors” is plural.

**Q498 (E)** No error — No error.

**Q499 (C)** “to hear” → “to hearing” — “Look forward to” + -ing.

**Q500 (B)** “he” → “him” — After “let”, use the object form.





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