



200

Active–Passive & Narration

Every rule on one easy page (tense tables, pronoun and time-word changes), then **200 practice questions** with the answer and the reason. The full syllabus for SSC voice and narration questions.

200

practice questions

19

rule cards

2

topics

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ACTIVE–PASSIVE VOICE · RULES

Active–Passive Voice

10 rules

The basic change

Object of the active sentence becomes the subject. Use the right form of “be” + V3 (past participle). The doer goes after “by” (and is often dropped).

✓ Active: Ravi writes a letter. → Passive: A letter is written by Ravi.

Tense table: be + V3

Tense	Active	Passive
Simple present	She writes a letter.	A letter is written by her.
Present continuous	She is writing a letter.	A letter is being written by her.
Present perfect	She has written a letter.	A letter has been written by her.
Simple past	She wrote a letter.	A letter was written by her.
Past continuous	She was writing a letter.	A letter was being written by her.
Past perfect	She had written a letter.	A letter had been written by her.
Simple future	She will write a letter.	A letter will be written by her.
Future perfect	She will have written a letter.	A letter will have been written by her.
Modals	She can / must / should write a letter.	A letter can / must / should be written by her.

No passive for these tenses

Present perfect continuous, past perfect continuous, future continuous and future perfect continuous are not normally changed into the passive in exams.

Pronouns change form

Active (subject)	Passive (after by)
I	me
we	us
you	you
he	him
she	her
they	them
who	by whom

✓ They helped us. → We were helped by them.





Two objects

Either object can become the subject. The person object is preferred.

✓ He gave me a book. → I was given a book by him. / A book was given to me by him.

Questions

Keep it a question. “Who” becomes “By whom”; “Do/Does/Did” become “Is/Are/Was/Were ... V3”.

✓ Who broke the glass? → By whom was the glass broken?

✓ Did she sing a song? → Was a song sung by her?

Imperative (orders and requests)

Use “Let + object + be + V3”, or “You are requested / ordered to ...”.

✓ Shut the door. → Let the door be shut.

✓ Please help me. → You are requested to help me.

Verbs that take other prepositions

Some verbs use a preposition other than “by” in the passive.

✓ The news surprised me. → I was surprised at the news.

✓ Everyone knows him. → He is known to everyone.

✓ Milk fills the jug. → The jug is filled with milk.

Intransitive verbs have no passive

A verb with no object (sleep, go, arrive, die) cannot be changed into the passive.

✓ The baby sleeps. → no passive

Infinitive and “people say” sentences

People say that ... becomes It is said that ... or Subject + is said + to ...

✓ People say that he is rich. → It is said that he is rich. / He is said to be rich.





ACTIVE–PASSIVE VOICE · PRACTICE 1

Q001–025 of 200

Active–Passive Voice

- Q1** Change into passive: The cat killed the rat.
(A) The rat had been killed by the cat. (B) The rat was being killed by the cat.
(C) The rat was killed by the cat. (D) The rat is killed by the cat.
- Q2** Change into passive: She is cooking food.
(A) Food is cooked by her. (B) Food is being cooked by her.
(C) Food was being cooked by her. (D) Food has been cooked by her.
- Q3** Change into passive: They have finished the work.
(A) The work is finished by them. (B) The work was finished by them.
(C) The work had been finished by them. (D) The work has been finished by them.
- Q4** Change into passive: He will open the shop.
(A) The shop will be opened by him. (B) The shop will have opened by him.
(C) The shop would be opened by him. (D) The shop is opened by him.
- Q5** Change into passive: I wrote a poem.
(A) A poem has been written by me. (B) A poem was written by I.
(C) A poem is written by me. (D) A poem was written by me.
- Q6** Change into passive: Who taught you English?
(A) Whom taught you English? (B) Who was taught English by you?
(C) By whom were you taught English? (D) By whom you were taught English?
- Q7** Change into passive: Shut the window.
(A) Let the window shut. (B) The window was shut.
(C) The window is shut. (D) Let the window be shut.
- Q8** Change into passive: Please give me a glass of water.
(A) You are requested to give me a glass of water. (B) Let a glass of water given to me.
(C) Me is given a glass of water. (D) A glass of water is given to me.





Q9 Change into passive: The boys were playing cricket.

(A) Cricket had been played by the boys.

(B) Cricket is being played by the boys.

(C) Cricket was being played by the boys.

(D) Cricket was played by the boys.

Q10 Change into passive: She had posted the letter.

(A) The letter has been posted by her.

(B) The letter had posted by her.

(C) The letter was posted by her.

(D) The letter had been posted by her.

Q11 Change into passive: We must obey the rules.

(A) The rules are obeyed by us.

(B) The rules must have been obeyed by us.

(C) The rules must obeyed by us.

(D) The rules must be obeyed by us.

Q12 Change into passive: Does he sing a song?

(A) Is a song being sung by him?

(B) Does a song sung by him?

(C) Is a song sung by him?

(D) Was a song sung by him?

Q13 Change into passive: Did they build this bridge?

(A) Has this bridge been built by them?

(B) Is this bridge built by them?

(C) Was this bridge built by them?

(D) Did this bridge build by them?

Q14 Change into passive: The teacher gave him a prize.

(A) He is given a prize by the teacher.

(B) He was gave a prize by the teacher.

(C) He was given a prize by the teacher.

(D) A prize had given to him.

Q15 Change into passive: People speak English all over the world.

(A) English has spoken all over the world.

(B) English was spoken all over the world.

(C) English is spoken all over the world.

(D) English is being spoken all over the world.

Q16 Change into passive: The news surprised me.

(A) I was surprised with the news.

(B) I was surprised by the news.

(C) I was surprised at the news.

(D) I am surprised at the news.





Q17 Change into passive: Everybody knows him.

(A) He is known to everybody.

(B) He was known to everybody.

(C) He is known by everybody.

(D) He knows to everybody.

Q18 Change into passive: Somebody has stolen my bag.

(A) My bag had been stolen.

(B) My bag was stolen by somebody.

(C) My bag is stolen.

(D) My bag has been stolen.

Q19 Change into passive: They will have completed the project.

(A) The project will be completed by them.

(B) The project would have completed by them.

(C) The project will have been completed by them.

(D) The project has been completed by them.

Q20 Change into passive: Open the door.

(A) Let the door be opened.

(B) The door has opened.

(C) The door should open.

(D) Let the door open.

Q21 Change into passive: The police caught the thief.

(A) The thief was caught by the police.

(B) The thief was being caught by the police.

(C) The thief is caught by the police.

(D) The thief had caught by the police.

Q22 Change into passive: My mother is making tea.

(A) Tea has been made by my mother.

(B) Tea was being made by my mother.

(C) Tea is made by my mother.

(D) Tea is being made by my mother.

Q23 Change into passive: Ram can solve this sum.

(A) This sum could be solved by Ram.

(B) This sum is solved by Ram.

(C) This sum can be solved by Ram.

(D) This sum can solve by Ram.

Q24 Change into passive: Who wrote this book?

(A) By whom was this book written?

(B) Who was this book written?

(C) By whom this book was written?

(D) This book was written by whom?





Q25 Change into passive: Do not touch the wire.

(A) The wire is not touched.

(B) Let the wire not be touched.

(C) The wire should not touched.

(D) Let not touch the wire.

ANSWERS + EXPLANATION

Q1 (C) Simple past → was/were + V3.

Q2 (B) Present continuous → is/are being + V3.

Q3 (D) Present perfect → has/have been + V3.

Q4 (A) Simple future → will be + V3.

Q5 (D) Simple past; "I" becomes "me" after "by".

Q6 (C) "Who" → "By whom", question form kept.

Q7 (D) Imperative → Let + object + be + V3.

Q8 (A) A request → You are requested to ...

Q9 (C) Past continuous → was/were being + V3.

Q10 (D) Past perfect → had been + V3.

Q11 (D) Modal → modal + be + V3.

Q12 (C) Does → Is + V3 (present simple).

Q13 (C) Did → Was/Were + V3.

Q14 (C) Two objects: the person object becomes the subject.

Q15 (C) "People" as a vague doer is dropped.

Q16 (C) "Surprise" takes "at" in the passive.

Q17 (A) "Know" takes "to" in the passive.

Q18 (D) Present perfect; the unknown doer is dropped.

Q19 (C) Future perfect → will have been + V3.

Q20 (A) Imperative → Let + object + be + V3.

Q21 (A) Simple past → was + V3.

Q22 (D) Present continuous → is being + V3.

Q23 (C) can → can be + V3.

Q24 (A) Who → By whom, with question order.

Q25 (B) Negative imperative → Let ... not be + V3.





ACTIVE–PASSIVE VOICE · PRACTICE 2

Q026–050 of 200

Active–Passive Voice

Q26 Change into passive: She keeps her room clean.

(A) Her room has kept clean.

(B) Her room was kept clean by her.

(C) Her room is kept clean by her.

(D) Her room is keeping clean.

Q27 Change into passive: The workers are building a new road.

(A) A new road is built by the workers.

(B) A new road was being built by the workers.

(C) A new road is being built by the workers.

(D) A new road has been built by the workers.

Q28 Change into passive: Has she paid the bill?

(A) Was the bill paid by her?

(B) Has the bill been paid by her?

(C) Has the bill paid by her?

(D) Is the bill being paid by her?

Q29 Change into passive: I shall never forget this day.

(A) This day shall never forget by me.

(B) This day would never be forgotten by me.

(C) This day is never forgotten.

(D) This day will never be forgotten by me.

Q30 Change into passive: They elected him captain.

(A) Captain was elected him.

(B) He is elected captain by them.

(C) He had elected captain.

(D) He was elected captain by them.

Q31 Change into passive: Water fills the tank.

(A) The tank is filled with water.

(B) The tank fills with water.

(C) The tank was filled with water.

(D) The tank is filled by water.

Q32 Change into passive: She is writing letters.

(A) Letters is being written by her.

(B) Letters are being written by her.

(C) Letters were being written by her.

(D) Letters are written by her.

Q33 Change into passive: Somebody will clean the room.

(A) The room will be cleaned.

(B) The room is cleaned.

(C) The room will have cleaned.

(D) The room would be cleaned.





Q34 Change into passive: People say that honesty is the best policy.

- (A) It was said that honesty is the best policy. (B) It said that honesty is the best policy.
(C) It is said that honesty is the best policy. (D) Honesty says to be the best policy.

Q35 Change into passive: Why did you beat the dog?

- (A) Why the dog was beaten by you? (B) Why is the dog beaten by you?
(C) Why was the dog beaten by you? (D) Why was the dog beat by you?

Q36 Change into passive: The chief guest will distribute the prizes.

- (A) The prizes will be distributed by the chief guest. (B) The prizes will distribute by the chief guest.
(C) The prizes were distributed by the chief guest. (D) The prizes would be distributed by the chief guest.

Q37 Change into passive: The fire destroyed the house.

- (A) The house is destroyed by the fire. (B) The house had destroyed by the fire.
(C) The house has destroyed by the fire. (D) The house was destroyed by the fire.

Q38 Change into passive: Let me do this work.

- (A) This work let be done by me. (B) This work is done by me.
(C) Let this work be done by me. (D) Let this work done by me.

Q39 Change into passive: The manager is interviewing the candidates.

- (A) The candidates are interviewed by the manager. (B) The candidates are being interviewed by the manager.
(C) The candidates were being interviewed by the manager. (D) The candidates have been interviewed by the manager.

Q40 Change into passive: I have lost my keys.

- (A) My keys had been lost. (B) My keys has been lost by me.
(C) My keys were lost by me. (D) My keys have been lost by me.

Q41 Change into passive: Nobody saw him.

- (A) He is not seen by anybody. (B) He was not seen by nobody.
(C) He was seen by nobody. (D) He was not seen by anybody.





Q42 Change into passive: They are painting the house.

(A) The house is painted by them.

(B) The house is being painted by them.

(C) The house has been painted.

(D) The house was being painted by them.

Q43 Change into passive: She should finish the task today.

(A) The task is finished by her today.

(B) The task should finished by her today.

(C) The task should be finished by her today.

(D) The task should have finished today.

Q44 Change into passive: The government has announced new schemes.

(A) New schemes are announced by the government.

(B) New schemes have been announced by the government.

(C) New schemes were announced by the government.

(D) New schemes has been announced by the government.

Q45 Change into passive: Who is making a noise?

(A) By whom a noise is being made?

(B) By whom is a noise being made?

(C) Who is a noise being made by?

(D) By whom was a noise made?

Q46 Change into passive: Mohan did not invite me.

(A) I am not invited by Mohan.

(B) I was not invited by Mohan.

(C) I did not invited by Mohan.

(D) I was invited not by Mohan.

Q47 Change into passive: My father bought a watch for me.

(A) A watch is bought for me by my father.

(B) A watch was bought for me by my father.

(C) I bought a watch by my father.

(D) A watch had bought for me by my father.

Q48 Change into passive: They had not completed the work.

(A) The work was not completed by them.

(B) The work had not completed by them.

(C) The work had not been completed by them.

(D) The work has not been completed by them.

Q49 Change into passive: Do your duty.

(A) Let your duty do.

(B) Your duty should done.

(C) Let your duty be done.

(D) Your duty is done.





Q50 Change into passive: The children will sing a song.

(A) A song will sung by the children.

(B) A song will be sang by the children.

(C) A song will be sung by the children.

(D) A song would be sung by the children.

ANSWERS + EXPLANATION

Q26 **(C)** Simple present → is + V3; keep the complement.

Q27 **(C)** Present continuous → is being + V3.

Q28 **(B)** Has + subject → Has + new subject + been + V3.

Q29 **(D)** shall/will → will be + V3.

Q30 **(D)** Object + complement: the complement stays after the verb.

Q31 **(A)** “Fill” takes “with” in the passive.

Q32 **(B)** Plural subject → are being + V3.

Q33 **(A)** Simple future; unknown doer dropped.

Q34 **(C)** “People say that” → “It is said that”.

Q35 **(C)** Wh-word stays first; Did → was + V3 (beaten).

Q36 **(A)** will → will be + V3.

Q37 **(D)** Simple past → was + V3.

Q38 **(C)** Let + object + be + V3.

Q39 **(B)** Plural subject → are being + V3.

Q40 **(D)** Plural subject “keys” → have been.

Q41 **(D)** Nobody → not ... by anybody.

Q42 **(B)** Present continuous → is being + V3.

Q43 **(C)** should → should be + V3.

Q44 **(B)** Plural subject “schemes” → have been.

Q45 **(B)** Present continuous question → By whom is ... being + V3?

Q46 **(B)** did not → was not + V3.

Q47 **(B)** Simple past → was + V3; “for me” stays.

Q48 **(C)** Past perfect negative → had not been + V3.

Q49 **(C)** Imperative → Let + object + be + V3.

Q50 **(C)** sing–sang–sung: will be + V3 (sung).





ACTIVE–PASSIVE VOICE · PRACTICE 3

Q051–075 of 200

Active–Passive Voice

Q51 Change into passive: The farmer grows rice.

(A) Rice is grown by the farmer.

(B) Rice is growing by the farmer.

(C) Rice was grown by the farmer.

(D) Rice grows by the farmer.

Q52 Change into passive: They sell books here.

(A) Books are being sold here.

(B) Books is sold here.

(C) Books are sold here.

(D) Books were sold here.

Q53 Change into passive: Rahul broke the window.

(A) The window was broke by Rahul.

(B) The window had broken by Rahul.

(C) The window is broken by Rahul.

(D) The window was broken by Rahul.

Q54 Change into passive: The doctor examined the patient.

(A) The patient has examined the doctor.

(B) The patient was examined by the doctor.

(C) The patient is examined by the doctor.

(D) The patient examined by the doctor.

Q55 Change into passive: I am reading a novel.

(A) A novel is read by me.

(B) A novel is being read by I.

(C) A novel was being read by me.

(D) A novel is being read by me.

Q56 Change into passive: We had seen the film.

(A) The film had seen by us.

(B) The film has been seen by us.

(C) The film was seen by us.

(D) The film had been seen by us.

Q57 Change into passive: The principal will award the medals.

(A) The medals will awarded by the principal.

(B) The medals will be awarded by the principal.

(C) The medals are awarded by the principal.

(D) The medals would be awarded by the principal.





Q58 Change into passive: You must complete the form.

(A) The form must have completed.

(B) The form must be completed by you.

(C) The form is completed by you.

(D) The form must completed by you.

Q59 Change into passive: Is he repairing the car?

(A) Is the car repaired by him?

(B) Was the car being repaired by him?

(C) Is the car being repaired by him?

(D) Has the car been repaired by him?

Q60 Change into passive: Where did you buy this pen?

(A) Where was this pen bought by you?

(B) Where was this pen buy by you?

(C) Where is this pen bought by you?

(D) Where this pen was bought by you?

Q61 Change into passive: Somebody is knocking at the door.

(A) The door was being knocked.

(B) The door is knocked at.

(C) The door has been knocked.

(D) The door is being knocked at.

Q62 Change into passive: They laughed at the poor man.

(A) The poor man was laughed at by them.

(B) The poor man is laughed at by them.

(C) The poor man laughed at them.

(D) The poor man was laughed by them.

Q63 Change into passive: The nurse looks after the patients.

(A) The patients are looked after by the nurse. (B) The patients look after the nurse.

(C) The patients were looked after by the nurse. (D) The patients are looked by the nurse.

Q64 Change into passive: We should respect our elders.

(A) Our elders are respected by us.

(B) Our elders should have respected.

(C) Our elders should be respected by us.

(D) Our elders should respected by us.

Q65 Change into passive: The storm uprooted many trees.

(A) Many trees are uprooted by the storm.

(B) Many trees had uprooted by the storm.

(C) Many trees were uprooted by the storm.

(D) Many trees was uprooted by the storm.





Q66 Change into passive: The postman delivers letters every day.

(A) Letters delivered by the postman every day.

(B) Letters were delivered by the postman every day.

(C) Letters are delivered by the postman every day.

(D) Letters is delivered by the postman every day.

Q67 Change into passive: Do you know her?

(A) Was she known to you?

(B) Is she known to you?

(C) Does she known to you?

(D) Is she known by you?

Q68 Change into passive: Please lend me your bicycle.

(A) Please be lent your bicycle.

(B) Your bicycle is lent to me.

(C) You are requested to lend me your bicycle.

(D) Let your bicycle be lend to me.

Q69 Change into passive: The judge sentenced the criminal to death.

(A) The criminal is sentenced to death by the judge.

(B) The criminal had sentenced to death.

(C) The criminal was sentenced to death by the judge.

(D) The criminal sentenced to death.

Q70 Change into passive: She has made a cake.

(A) A cake was made by her.

(B) A cake have been made by her.

(C) A cake had been made by her.

(D) A cake has been made by her.

Q71 Change into passive: The company will launch a new phone.

(A) A new phone will be launched by the company.

(B) A new phone would be launched by the company.

(C) A new phone will launched by the company.

(D) A new phone is launched by the company.

Q72 Change into passive: Ravi was singing a song.

(A) A song had been sung by Ravi.

(B) A song is being sung by Ravi.

(C) A song was sung by Ravi.

(D) A song was being sung by Ravi.





Q73 Change into passive: Who has done this?

(A) By whom has this been done?

(C) Who has this been done by?

(B) By whom this has been done?

(D) By whom was this done?

Q74 Change into passive: Keep quiet.

(A) You are ordered to keep quiet.

(C) Quiet is kept.

(B) Let quiet be kept.

(D) Let it keep quiet.

Q75 Change into passive: Everyone loves her.

(A) She was loved by everyone.

(C) She loves everyone.

(B) She is loved to everyone.

(D) She is loved by everyone.



**ANSWERS + EXPLANATION**

- Q51** (A) Simple present → is + V3.
- Q52** (C) Simple present, plural → are + V3; “they” dropped.
- Q53** (D) break–broke–broken.
- Q54** (B) Simple past → was + V3.
- Q55** (D) Present continuous → is being + V3.
- Q56** (D) Past perfect → had been + V3.
- Q57** (B) will → will be + V3.
- Q58** (B) must → must be + V3.
- Q59** (C) Is + -ing → Is ... being + V3?
- Q60** (A) Wh-word first; Did → was + V3.
- Q61** (D) Phrasal verb: keep the preposition (knocked at).
- Q62** (A) Keep the preposition: laughed at.
- Q63** (A) Phrasal verb kept: looked after.
- Q64** (C) should → should be + V3.
- Q65** (C) Plural subject → were + V3.
- Q66** (C) Simple present plural → are + V3.
- Q67** (B) “Know” takes “to”.
- Q68** (C) Request → You are requested to ...
- Q69** (C) Simple past → was + V3.
- Q70** (D) Singular subject → has been.
- Q71** (A) will → will be + V3.
- Q72** (D) Past continuous → was being + V3.
- Q73** (A) Present perfect question → By whom has ... been + V3?
- Q74** (A) An order without an object → You are ordered/advised to ...
- Q75** (D) Simple present → is + V3.





ACTIVE–PASSIVE VOICE · PRACTICE 4

Q076–100 of 200

Active–Passive Voice

Q76 Change into passive: The teacher has checked the copies.

(A) The copies has been checked by the teacher.

(B) The copies had checked by the teacher.

(C) The copies were checked by the teacher.

(D) The copies have been checked by the teacher.

Q77 Change into passive: They are not helping us.

(A) We are not being helped by them.

(B) Us are not being helped by them.

(C) We are not helped by them.

(D) We were not being helped by them.

Q78 Change into passive: My brother repaired the fan.

(A) The fan had been repaired by my brother.

(B) The fan has repaired by my brother.

(C) The fan is repaired by my brother.

(D) The fan was repaired by my brother.

Q79 Change into passive: The police may arrest him.

(A) He might be arrested by the police.

(B) He is arrested by the police.

(C) He may be arrested by the police.

(D) He may arrested by the police.

Q80 Change into passive: The students will have submitted the forms.

(A) The forms will have been submitted by the students.

(B) The forms will be submitted by the students.

(C) The forms will have submitted by the students.

(D) The forms have been submitted by the students.

Q81 Change into passive: They made him chairman.

(A) He was make chairman.

(B) He is made chairman by them.

(C) Chairman was made him.

(D) He was made chairman by them.

Q82 Change into passive: Columbus discovered America.

(A) America had discovered Columbus.

(B) America was discover by Columbus.

(C) America was discovered by Columbus.

(D) America is discovered by Columbus.





Q83 Change into passive: Mother is decorating the room.

- (A) The room has decorated by Mother. (B) The room is decorated by Mother.
(C) The room was being decorated by Mother. (D) The room is being decorated by Mother.

Q84 Change into passive: Have you completed the assignment?

- (A) Is the assignment completed by you? (B) Has the assignment been completed by you?
(C) Have the assignment been completed by you? (D) Was the assignment completed by you?

Q85 Change into passive: The villagers welcomed the minister.

- (A) The minister had welcomed by the villagers. (B) The minister was welcomed by the villagers.
(C) The minister welcomed the villagers. (D) The minister is welcomed by the villagers.

Q86 Change into passive: Don't waste your time.

- (A) Let your time not be wasted. (B) Let not waste your time.
(C) Your time is not wasted. (D) Your time should not wasted.

Q87 Change into passive: She cannot carry this box.

- (A) This box is not carried by her. (B) This box could not be carried by her.
(C) This box cannot carried by her. (D) This box cannot be carried by her.

Q88 Change into passive: The workers had built the wall.

- (A) The wall had built by the workers. (B) The wall has been built by the workers.
(C) The wall had been built by the workers. (D) The wall was built by the workers.

Q89 Change into passive: Who will help the poor?

- (A) Who will the poor be helped? (B) By whom would the poor be helped?
(C) By whom the poor will be helped? (D) By whom will the poor be helped?

Q90 Change into passive: The boy is flying a kite.

- (A) A kite is being flew by the boy. (B) A kite was being flown by the boy.
(C) A kite is being flown by the boy. (D) A kite is flown by the boy.





Q91 Change into passive: I know this man.

(A) This man is known by me.

(B) This man is known to me.

(C) This man knows me.

(D) This man was known to me.

Q92 Change into passive: Smoke filled the room.

(A) The room was filled with smoke.

(B) The room is filled with smoke.

(C) The room was filled of smoke.

(D) The room filled with smoke.

Q93 Change into passive: Somebody has taken my book.

(A) My book had been taken.

(B) My book have been taken.

(C) My book was taken by somebody.

(D) My book has been taken.

Q94 Change into passive: The class teacher praised her.

(A) She was praised by the class teacher.

(B) She had praised by the class teacher.

(C) She is praised by the class teacher.

(D) Her was praised by the class teacher.

Q95 Change into passive: They will announce the result tomorrow.

(A) The result will be announced tomorrow.

(B) The result would be announced tomorrow.

(C) The result is announced tomorrow.

(D) The result will announce tomorrow.

Q96 Change into passive: Has anyone seen my keys?

(A) Were my keys seen by anyone?

(B) Have my keys been seen by anyone?

(C) Has my keys been seen by anyone?

(D) Have my keys seen by anyone?

Q97 Change into passive: The chef cooks delicious food.

(A) Delicious food cooks by the chef.

(B) Delicious food was cooked by the chef.

(C) Delicious food is cooking by the chef.

(D) Delicious food is cooked by the chef.

Q98 Change into passive: The Prime Minister inaugurated the bridge.

(A) The bridge was inaugurated by the Prime Minister.

(B) The bridge inaugurated the Prime Minister.

(C) The bridge is inaugurated by the Prime Minister.

(D) The bridge had inaugurated by the Prime Minister.





Q99 Change into passive: We will not tolerate rudeness.

(A) Rudeness is not tolerated by us.

(B) Rudeness would not be tolerated by us.

(C) Rudeness will not tolerated by us.

(D) Rudeness will not be tolerated by us.

Q100 Change into passive: Raju is teaching the children.

(A) The children is being taught by Raju.

(B) The children were being taught by Raju.

(C) The children are taught by Raju.

(D) The children are being taught by Raju.



**ANSWERS + EXPLANATION**

- Q76** (D) Plural subject → have been.
- Q77** (A) Negative continuous → are not being + V3.
- Q78** (D) Simple past → was + V3.
- Q79** (C) may → may be + V3.
- Q80** (A) Future perfect → will have been + V3.
- Q81** (D) Object complement stays after the verb.
- Q82** (C) Simple past → was + V3.
- Q83** (D) Present continuous → is being + V3.
- Q84** (B) Singular subject → Has ... been + V3?
- Q85** (B) Simple past → was + V3.
- Q86** (A) Negative imperative → Let ... not be + V3.
- Q87** (D) cannot → cannot be + V3.
- Q88** (C) Past perfect → had been + V3.
- Q89** (D) Future question → By whom will ... be + V3?
- Q90** (C) fly–flew–flown.
- Q91** (B) “Know” → known to.
- Q92** (A) “Fill” takes “with”.
- Q93** (D) Present perfect; unknown doer dropped.
- Q94** (A) “Her” becomes “She” as the subject.
- Q95** (A) will → will be + V3; “they” dropped.
- Q96** (B) Plural subject “keys” → Have ... been + V3?
- Q97** (D) Simple present → is + V3.
- Q98** (A) Simple past → was + V3.
- Q99** (D) will not → will not be + V3.
- Q100** (D) Plural subject → are being + V3.





DIRECT–INDIRECT SPEECH · RULES

Direct–Indirect Speech

9 rules

The basic change

Remove the inverted commas, use a joining word (that, if/whether, wh-word, to), change pronouns to suit the speaker, and shift the tense back when the reporting verb is in the past.

✓ He said, "I am tired." → He said that he was tired.

Tense shift (reporting verb in the past)

Direct	Indirect
Simple present (write)	Simple past (wrote)
Present continuous (is writing)	Past continuous (was writing)
Present perfect (has written)	Past perfect (had written)
Simple past (wrote)	Past perfect (had written)
Past continuous (was writing)	Past perfect continuous (had been writing)
will / shall	would
can	could
may	might
must	had to (or must)

No tense change when ...

the reporting verb is in the present or future (He says ...), or the reported speech is a universal truth, a habit, or a historical fact.

✓ He says, "I am busy." → He says that he is busy.

✓ The teacher said, "The sun rises in the east." → The teacher said that the sun rises in the east.





Words of time and place

Direct	Indirect
now	then
today	that day
tonight	that night
yesterday	the previous day / the day before
tomorrow	the next day / the following day
ago	before
this / these	that / those
here	there
last week	the previous week
next week	the following week

Questions

Use “asked”. Yes/no questions take “if / whether”; wh-questions keep the wh-word. Change to statement order and drop the question mark.

- ✓ He said to me, “Are you coming?” → He asked me if I was coming.
- ✓ She said, “Where do you live?” → She asked where I lived.

Orders and requests

Use told / ordered / requested / advised + object + to + verb. For “do not”, use “not to”.

- ✓ He said to me, “Close the door.” → He told me to close the door.
- ✓ She said, “Please help me.” → She requested me to help her.
- ✓ He said, “Don’t make a noise.” → He told them not to make a noise.

Exclamations and wishes

Use exclaimed with joy / sorrow / surprise, or wished / prayed.

- ✓ He said, “What a beautiful day!” → He exclaimed that it was a very beautiful day.
- ✓ She said, “May God bless you!” → She prayed that God might bless me.

“Let’s ...” suggestions

Use “suggested / proposed that we should ...”.

- ✓ He said, “Let’s go for a walk.” → He suggested that we should go for a walk.

Pronoun rule (SON)

First person changes to the Subject’s person, second person to the Object’s person, third person does Not change.

- ✓ She said to me, “You are my friend.” → She told me that I was her friend.





DIRECT-INDIRECT SPEECH · PRACTICE 1

Q101–125 of 200

Direct–Indirect Speech

Q101 Change into indirect speech: He said, “I am busy.”

- (A) He said that he is busy. (B) He said that he was busy.
(C) He said that I was busy. (D) He told that he was busy.

Q102 Change into indirect speech: She said, “I will come tomorrow.”

- (A) She told that she would come the next day. (B) She said that she will come tomorrow.
(C) She said that she would come the next day. (D) She said that she would come tomorrow.

Q103 Change into indirect speech: He said to me, “Where are you going?”

- (A) He asked me where I am going. (B) He asked me where I was going.
(C) He told me where I was going. (D) He asked me where was I going.

Q104 Change into indirect speech: The teacher said, “The earth is round.”

- (A) The teacher said that the earth was round. (B) The teacher said the earth had been round.
(C) The teacher told that the earth is round. (D) The teacher said that the earth is round.

Q105 Change into indirect speech: She said to me, “Please give me your pen.”

- (A) She asked me give her my pen. (B) She told me to give me your pen.
(C) She requested me to give her my pen. (D) She requested me that I give her my pen.

Q106 Change into indirect speech: He said, “I have finished my work.”

- (A) He said that he finished his work. (B) He said that I had finished my work.
(C) He said that he has finished his work. (D) He said that he had finished his work.

Q107 Change into indirect speech: She said to him, “Do you like tea?”

- (A) She asked him if he likes tea. (B) She asked him does he like tea.
(C) She told him if he liked tea. (D) She asked him if he liked tea.

Q108 Change into indirect speech: The captain said to the soldiers, “Fire!”

- (A) The captain requested the soldiers to fire. (B) The captain told the soldiers fire.
(C) The captain said the soldiers to fire. (D) The captain ordered the soldiers to fire.





Q109 Change into indirect speech: He said, "Let's play cricket."

- (A) He suggested to play cricket. (B) He said let us play cricket.
(C) He told to play cricket. (D) He suggested that we should play cricket.

Q110 Change into indirect speech: She said, "What a lovely garden!"

- (A) She told that it is a lovely garden. (B) She exclaimed that it was a very lovely garden.
(C) She exclaimed what a lovely garden! (D) She said what a lovely garden it was.

Q111 Change into indirect speech: He said to me, "Don't touch the wire."

- (A) He said me not to touch the wire. (B) He told me to not touched the wire.
(C) He told me don't touch the wire. (D) He told me not to touch the wire.

Q112 Change into indirect speech: Ram said, "I saw a lion yesterday."

- (A) Ram told that he had seen a lion the day before. (B) Ram said that he saw a lion yesterday.
(C) Ram said that he had seen a lion yesterday. (D) Ram said that he had seen a lion the previous day.

Q113 Change into indirect speech: She says, "I am happy."

- (A) She said that she is happy. (B) She says that she was happy.
(C) She says that she is happy. (D) She says that I am happy.

Q114 Change into indirect speech: He said, "I can swim."

- (A) He said that I could swim. (B) He told that he could swim.
(C) He said that he can swim. (D) He said that he could swim.

Q115 Change into indirect speech: The old man said, "May you live long!"

- (A) The old man prayed that I might live long. (B) The old man wished that you may live long.
(C) The old man prayed that I may live long. (D) The old man said may I live long.

Q116 Change into indirect speech: He said to her, "Are you ready?"

- (A) He asked her was she ready. (B) He told her whether she was ready.
(C) He asked her if she is ready. (D) He asked her if she was ready.





Q117 Change into indirect speech: She said, "I am writing a letter now."

- (A) She said that she had been writing a letter then. (B) She said that she was writing a letter now.
(C) She said that she was writing a letter then. (D) She said that she is writing a letter now.

Q118 Change into indirect speech: The doctor said to me, "Take rest."

- (A) The doctor said me to take rest. (B) The doctor advised me to take rest.
(C) The doctor told me take rest. (D) The doctor advised me that take rest.

Q119 Change into indirect speech: He said, "I was reading a book."

- (A) He said that he had read a book. (B) He said that I had been reading a book.
(C) He said that he was reading a book. (D) He said that he had been reading a book.

Q120 Change into indirect speech: She said to me, "Why are you late?"

- (A) She asked me why I was late. (B) She asked me why was I late.
(C) She told me why I was late. (D) She asked me why I am late.

Q121 Change into indirect speech: He said, "These books are mine."

- (A) He said that those books were his. (B) He said that these books were his.
(C) He said that those books are mine. (D) He said that those books were mine.

Q122 Change into indirect speech: The boy said, "I must go now."

- (A) The boy said that he had to go then. (B) The boy said that he has to go then.
(C) The boy told that he had to go now. (D) The boy said that he must go now.

Q123 Change into indirect speech: She said, "Alas! I have lost my purse."

- (A) She said alas that she had lost her purse. (B) She exclaimed with sorrow that she had lost her purse.
(C) She exclaimed that she has lost her purse. (D) She told with sorrow that I had lost my purse.

Q124 Change into indirect speech: He said to us, "Work hard."

- (A) He said us to work hard. (B) He told us that work hard.
(C) He told us work hard. (D) He told us to work hard.





Q125 Change into indirect speech: She said, "I may go to Delhi."

- (A) She said that she might went to Delhi. (B) She said that she might go to Delhi.
(C) She said that she may go to Delhi. (D) She said that she would go to Delhi.

ANSWERS + EXPLANATION

- Q101** (B) Present → past; I → he.
Q102 (C) will → would; tomorrow → the next day.
Q103 (B) Wh-question → statement order; are → was.
Q104 (D) Universal truth: no tense change.
Q105 (C) Request → requested + to; pronouns adjusted.
Q106 (D) Present perfect → past perfect.
Q107 (D) Yes/no question → if; like → liked.
Q108 (D) Command → ordered + to.
Q109 (D) "Let's" → suggested that we should.
Q110 (B) Exclamation → exclaimed that it was a very ...
Q111 (D) Negative order → not to.
Q112 (D) Past → past perfect; yesterday → the previous day.
Q113 (C) Present reporting verb: no tense change.
Q114 (D) can → could.
Q115 (A) Wish/prayer → prayed that ... might.
Q116 (D) Yes/no question → if; are → was.
Q117 (C) is writing → was writing; now → then.
Q118 (B) Advice → advised + to.
Q119 (D) Past continuous → past perfect continuous.
Q120 (A) Wh-question; statement order.
Q121 (A) these → those; are → were; mine → his.
Q122 (A) must → had to; now → then.
Q123 (B) Alas → exclaimed with sorrow; present perfect → past perfect.
Q124 (D) Order/advice → told + to.
Q125 (B) may → might.





DIRECT-INDIRECT SPEECH · PRACTICE 2

Q126–150 of 200

Direct–Indirect Speech

Q126 Change into indirect speech: He said to me, “Did you see the match?”

- (A) He asked me did I see the match. (B) He told me if I had seen the match.
(C) He asked me if I saw the match. (D) He asked me if I had seen the match.

Q127 Change into indirect speech: The teacher said, “Honesty is the best policy.”

- (A) The teacher said that honesty is the best policy. (B) The teacher said that honesty was the best policy.
(C) The teacher said that honesty has been the best policy. (D) The teacher told that honesty is the best policy.

Q128 Change into indirect speech: He said, “I will help you.”

- (A) He said that he will help me. (B) He said that he would help you.
(C) He said that I would help you. (D) He said that he would help me.

Q129 Change into indirect speech: She said to him, “Please wait here.”

- (A) She requested him to wait there. (B) She told him wait there.
(C) She said him to wait there. (D) She requested him to wait here.

Q130 Change into indirect speech: He said, “Bravo! You have done well.”

- (A) He applauded me, saying that I had done well. (B) He exclaimed that you have done well.
(C) He told bravo I had done well. (D) He said bravo that I had done well.

Q131 Change into indirect speech: The girl said, “I don’t know the answer.”

- (A) The girl said that she did not know the answer. (B) The girl said that she does not know the answer.
(C) The girl said that I did not know the answer. (D) The girl told that she did not know the answer.

Q132 Change into indirect speech: He said to me, “What is your name?”

- (A) He asked me what is my name. (B) He asked me what was my name.
(C) He told me what my name was. (D) He asked me what my name was.





Q133 Change into indirect speech: She said, "I have been waiting for an hour."

(A) She said that she has been waiting for an hour.

(B) She said that she had been waiting for an hour.

(C) She said that she had waited for an hour.

(D) She said that she was waiting for an hour.

Q134 Change into indirect speech: He said, "I shall go to Agra next week."

(A) He said that he would go to Agra next week.

(B) He said that he will go to Agra the following week.

(C) He said that he should go to Agra next week.

(D) He said that he would go to Agra the following week.

Q135 Change into indirect speech: The mother said to the child, "Don't play in the sun."

(A) The mother told the child don't play in the sun.

(B) The mother told the child to not playing in the sun.

(C) The mother said the child not to play in the sun.

(D) The mother told the child not to play in the sun.

Q136 Change into indirect speech: He said, "How clever she is!"

(A) He exclaimed how clever she was!

(B) He exclaimed that she was very clever.

(C) He said how clever she is.

(D) He told that she was clever.

Q137 Change into indirect speech: She said to me, "Can you help me?"

(A) She asked me could I help her.

(B) She asked me if I could help her.

(C) She told me if I could help her.

(D) She asked me if I can help her.

Q138 Change into indirect speech: He said, "My father is a doctor."

(A) He said that his father was a doctor.

(B) He told that his father was a doctor.

(C) He said that my father was a doctor.

(D) He said that his father is a doctor.

Q139 Change into indirect speech: The officer said, "Stand up."

(A) The officer ordered that stand up.

(B) The officer told stand up.

(C) The officer said stand up.

(D) The officer ordered them to stand up.





Q140 Change into indirect speech: She said, “I bought this dress today.”

- (A) She said that she bought this dress today. (B) She said that she has bought that dress that day.
(C) She said that she had bought this dress today. (D) She said that she had bought that dress that day.

Q141 Change into indirect speech: He said to me, “Where do you live?”

- (A) He asked me where did I live. (B) He asked me where I live.
(C) He told me where I lived. (D) He asked me where I lived.

Q142 Change into indirect speech: The students said, “Let us go on a picnic.”

- (A) The students proposed to going on a picnic. (B) The students said let us go on a picnic.
(C) The students proposed that they should go on a picnic. (D) The students told to go on a picnic.

Q143 Change into indirect speech: He said, “I am going to the market.”

- (A) He said that he had gone to the market. (B) He said that I was going to the market.
(C) He said that he was going to the market. (D) He said that he is going to the market.

Q144 Change into indirect speech: She said, “Thank you, Ravi.”

- (A) She thanked to Ravi. (B) She thanked Ravi.
(C) She told Ravi thank you. (D) She said thank you to Ravi.

Q145 Change into indirect speech: He said, “Good morning, Mr Sharma.”

- (A) He said good morning to Mr Sharma that. (B) He wished Mr Sharma good morning.
(C) He told Mr Sharma good morning. (D) He greeted that good morning.

Q146 Change into indirect speech: She said to me, “You are very kind.”

- (A) She told me that I was very kind. (B) She told me that you were very kind.
(C) She told me that I am very kind. (D) She said me that I was very kind.

Q147 Change into indirect speech: He said, “Gandhiji was born in 1869.”

- (A) He said that Gandhiji had been born in 1869. (B) He told that Gandhiji was born in 1869.
(C) He said that Gandhiji was born in 1869. (D) He said that Gandhiji is born in 1869.





Q148 Change into indirect speech: The boy said, “Mother, I am hungry.”

- (A) The boy told his mother that I am hungry. (B) The boy said mother that he was hungry.
(C) The boy told his mother that he was hungry. (D) The boy said to mother he is hungry.

Q149 Change into indirect speech: He said to me, “Will you come with me?”

- (A) He asked me if I would go with him. (B) He asked me if I will come with him.
(C) He asked me would I come with him. (D) He told me if I would come with me.

Q150 Change into indirect speech: She said, “I had already eaten.”

- (A) She said that she already ate. (B) She said that she had already ate.
(C) She said that she has already eaten. (D) She said that she had already eaten.



**ANSWERS + EXPLANATION**

- Q126** (D) Simple past → past perfect in a yes/no question.
- Q127** (A) A universal truth: no change in tense.
- Q128** (D) will → would; you → me (the listener is the reporter).
- Q129** (A) Request; here → there.
- Q130** (A) Bravo → applauded; present perfect → past perfect.
- Q131** (A) don't → did not.
- Q132** (D) Statement order: what my name was.
- Q133** (B) Present perfect continuous → past perfect continuous.
- Q134** (D) shall → would; next week → the following week.
- Q135** (D) Negative order → not to.
- Q136** (B) Exclamation → exclaimed that ... very ...
- Q137** (B) can → could; me → her.
- Q138** (A) my → his; is → was.
- Q139** (D) Command → ordered + object + to.
- Q140** (D) Past → past perfect; this → that; today → that day.
- Q141** (D) do you live → I lived.
- Q142** (C) "Let us" (suggestion) → proposed that they should.
- Q143** (C) is going → was going.
- Q144** (B) Thanks → thanked + person.
- Q145** (B) Greeting → wished + person + good morning.
- Q146** (A) you → I (the listener); are → was.
- Q147** (C) Historical fact: no change.
- Q148** (C) Address → told + person; am → was.
- Q149** (A) will → would; come → go (movement away); me → him.
- Q150** (D) Past perfect stays past perfect.





DIRECT-INDIRECT SPEECH · PRACTICE 3

Q151–175 of 200

Direct–Indirect Speech

Q151 Change into indirect speech: He said, “I like mangoes.”

(A) He said that he likes mangoes.

(B) He said that I liked mangoes.

(C) He told that he liked mangoes.

(D) He said that he liked mangoes.

Q152 Change into indirect speech: She said, “I cannot come today.”

(A) She told that she could not come that day.

(B) She said that she could not come today.

(C) She said that she cannot come today.

(D) She said that she could not come that day.

Q153 Change into indirect speech: He said to me, “Have you done your homework?”

(A) He asked me if I had done my homework.

(B) He told me if I had done my homework.

(C) He asked me if I have done my homework.

(D) He asked me had I done my homework.

Q154 Change into indirect speech: The coach said to the players, “Practise every day.”

(A) The coach said the players to practise every day.

(B) The coach told the players practise every day.

(C) The coach ordered that the players practise every day.

(D) The coach told the players to practise every day.

Q155 Change into indirect speech: She said, “I lost my bag last week.”

(A) She said that she has lost her bag the previous week.

(B) She said that she had lost her bag last week.

(C) She said that she lost her bag last week.

(D) She said that she had lost her bag the previous week.

Q156 Change into indirect speech: He said to me, “When will you return?”

(A) He asked me when I will return.

(B) He told me when I would return.

(C) He asked me when I would return.

(D) He asked me when would I return.

Q157 Change into indirect speech: Mother said, “Don’t go out in the rain.”

(A) Mother told us to not went out in the rain.

(B) Mother said not go out in the rain.

(C) Mother told us not to go out in the rain.

(D) Mother told us don’t go out in the rain.





Q158 Change into indirect speech: The man said, “I have no money.”

- (A) The man said that I had no money. (B) The man told that he had no money.
(C) The man said that he has no money. (D) The man said that he had no money.

Q159 Change into indirect speech: She said to him, “Is this your car?”

- (A) She asked him if this was your car. (B) She asked him if that is his car.
(C) She asked him is that his car. (D) She asked him if that was his car.

Q160 Change into indirect speech: He said, “What a terrible accident!”

- (A) He said that what a terrible accident. (B) He told it was a terrible accident!
(C) He exclaimed that it was a very terrible accident. (D) He exclaimed what a terrible accident it is.

Q161 Change into indirect speech: She said, “We are leaving tonight.”

- (A) She said that they were leaving that night. (B) She said that we were leaving tonight.
(C) She said that they are leaving that night. (D) She said that they were leaving tonight.

Q162 Change into indirect speech: He said to his friend, “Lend me your book.”

- (A) He told his friend lend me your book. (B) He asked his friend to lend me his book.
(C) He said his friend to lend him the book. (D) He asked his friend to lend him his book.

Q163 Change into indirect speech: The teacher said, “Two and two make four.”

- (A) The teacher said that two and two make four. (B) The teacher said two and two had made four.
(C) The teacher told that two and two make four. (D) The teacher said that two and two made four.

Q164 Change into indirect speech: He said, “I was born in Pune.”

- (A) He said that he had been born in Pune. (B) He told that he had been born in Pune.
(C) He said that I had been born in Pune. (D) He said that he was born in Pune.

Q165 Change into indirect speech: She said to me, “Who gave you this pen?”

- (A) She asked me who had given me this pen. (B) She told me who had given me that pen.
(C) She asked me who had given me that pen. (D) She asked me who gave you this pen.





Q166 Change into indirect speech: He said, "Hurrah! We have won the match."

(A) He said hurrah that they had won the match.

(B) He exclaimed that we have won the match.

(C) He told with joy they won the match.

(D) He exclaimed with joy that they had won the match.

Q167 Change into indirect speech: The policeman said to the driver, "Show me your licence."

(A) The policeman ordered the driver to show me his licence.

(B) The policeman ordered the driver to show him his licence.

(C) The policeman said the driver to show his licence.

(D) The policeman told the driver show me your licence.

Q168 Change into indirect speech: She said, "I will be late tomorrow."

(A) She said that she will be late the next day.

(B) She said that she will be late tomorrow.

(C) She said that she would be late the next day.

(D) She said that she would be late tomorrow.

Q169 Change into indirect speech: He said to me, "Why didn't you call me?"

(A) He asked me why didn't I call him.

(B) He told me why I had not called him.

(C) He asked me why I did not call me.

(D) He asked me why I had not called him.

Q170 Change into indirect speech: The girl said, "Let me go."

(A) The girl said let her go.

(B) The girl requested me to let go.

(C) The girl requested that she might be allowed to go.

(D) The girl told to let me go.

Q171 Change into indirect speech: She says, "I have finished the book."

(A) She says that she had finished the book.

(B) She says that I have finished the book.

(C) She says that she has finished the book.

(D) She said that she has finished the book.

Q172 Change into indirect speech: He said, "My sister is a teacher."

(A) He said that his sister was a teacher.

(B) He said that his sister is a teacher.

(C) He said that my sister was a teacher.

(D) He said that her sister was a teacher.





Q173 Change into indirect speech: She said to me, “Do not be late.”

(A) She said me not to be late.

(B) She told me not to be late.

(C) She told me to not late.

(D) She told me do not be late.

Q174 Change into indirect speech: He said, “I am writing an essay.”

(A) He said that he was writing an essay.

(B) He said that I was writing an essay.

(C) He said that he is writing an essay.

(D) He said that he had written an essay.

Q175 Change into indirect speech: She said to him, “Where have you been?”

(A) She asked him where he has been.

(B) She told him where he had been.

(C) She asked him where he had been.

(D) She asked him where had he been.



**ANSWERS + EXPLANATION**

- Q151** (D) like → liked.
- Q152** (D) cannot → could not; today → that day.
- Q153** (A) have done → had done.
- Q154** (D) Advice/order → told + to.
- Q155** (D) Past → past perfect; last week → the previous week.
- Q156** (C) will → would; statement order.
- Q157** (C) Negative order → not to.
- Q158** (D) have → had.
- Q159** (D) this → that; is → was; your → his.
- Q160** (C) Exclamation → exclaimed that it was a very ...
- Q161** (A) we → they; are → were; tonight → that night.
- Q162** (D) Request → asked + to; me → him.
- Q163** (A) Universal truth: no change.
- Q164** (A) Past → past perfect (personal past event).
- Q165** (C) gave → had given; this → that.
- Q166** (D) Hurrah → exclaimed with joy; have won → had won.
- Q167** (B) Order → ordered + to; me → him.
- Q168** (C) will → would; tomorrow → the next day.
- Q169** (D) didn't call → had not called.
- Q170** (C) "Let me" (asking permission) → requested that she might be allowed to ...
- Q171** (C) Present reporting verb: no tense change.
- Q172** (A) my → his; is → was.
- Q173** (B) Negative order → not to.
- Q174** (A) am writing → was writing.
- Q175** (C) have been → had been.





DIRECT-INDIRECT SPEECH · PRACTICE 4

Q176–200 of 200

Direct–Indirect Speech

Q176 Change into indirect speech: The king said to the minister, “Bring the prisoner.”

(A) The king ordered the minister to bring the prisoner.

(B) The king told the minister bring the prisoner.

(C) The king said the minister to bring the prisoner.

(D) The king requested the minister bring the prisoner.

Q177 Change into indirect speech: She said, “It is raining.”

(A) She said that it was raining.

(B) She said that it had rained.

(C) She said that it is raining.

(D) She told that it was raining.

Q178 Change into indirect speech: He said, “I shall not do it again.”

(A) He said that he should not do it again.

(B) He said that he would not do it again.

(C) He said that he will not do it again.

(D) He told that he would not do it again.

Q179 Change into indirect speech: She said to me, “Are you feeling better?”

(A) She asked me if I was feeling better.

(B) She asked me was I feeling better.

(C) She told me if I was feeling better.

(D) She asked me if I am feeling better.

Q180 Change into indirect speech: He said, “How beautiful the sunset is!”

(A) He said the sunset is beautiful!

(B) He exclaimed that the sunset was very beautiful.

(C) He exclaimed how beautiful the sunset is.

(D) He told how beautiful the sunset was.

Q181 Change into indirect speech: The teacher said to us, “Sit down.”

(A) The teacher told us sit down.

(B) The teacher told us to sit down.

(C) The teacher told us that sit down.

(D) The teacher said us to sit down.

Q182 Change into indirect speech: He said, “I met her two days ago.”

(A) He said that he had met her two days before.

(B) He said that he has met her two days before.

(C) He said that he met her two days ago.

(D) He said that he had met her two days ago.





Q183 Change into indirect speech: She said, "I must study hard."

- | | |
|--|--|
| (A) She said that she must studied hard. | (B) She said that she had to study hard. |
| (C) She said that she has to study hard. | (D) She told that she had to study hard. |

Q184 Change into indirect speech: He said to her, "What are you doing?"

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| (A) He asked her what she is doing. | (B) He told her what she was doing. |
| (C) He asked her what was she doing. | (D) He asked her what she was doing. |

Q185 Change into indirect speech: She said, "I can't find my keys."

- | | |
|---|---|
| (A) She said that I couldn't find my keys. | (B) She said that she can't find her keys. |
| (C) She said that she couldn't find her keys. | (D) She told that she couldn't find her keys. |

Q186 Change into indirect speech: The beggar said, "Please give me some food."

- | | |
|---|--|
| (A) The beggar said please give him food. | (B) The beggar told give me some food. |
| (C) The beggar requested to give him some food. | (D) The beggar requested them to give him some food. |

Q187 Change into indirect speech: He said, "I have been to Shimla."

- | | |
|---|---|
| (A) He said that he had been to Shimla. | (B) He said that he went to Shimla. |
| (C) He said that he has been to Shimla. | (D) He told that he had been to Shimla. |

Q188 Change into indirect speech: She said to me, "Will you marry me?"

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| (A) She asked me if I will marry her. | (B) She told me if I would marry me. |
| (C) She asked me would I marry her. | (D) She asked me if I would marry her. |

Q189 Change into indirect speech: He said, "Here is my house."

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| (A) He said that there is my house. | (B) He said that there was his house. |
| (C) He said that here is his house. | (D) He told that there was his house. |

Q190 Change into indirect speech: The father said to his son, "Always speak the truth."

- | | |
|--|---|
| (A) The father told his son always speak the truth. | (B) The father advised his son that always speak the truth. |
| (C) The father said his son to always speak the truth. | (D) The father advised his son to always speak the truth. |





Q191 Change into indirect speech: She said, “I did not see him yesterday.”

(A) She said that she had not seen him the previous day.

(C) She said that she had not seen him yesterday.

(B) She said that she did not see him yesterday.

(D) She said that she has not seen him the previous day.

Q192 Change into indirect speech: He said to me, “How old are you?”

(A) He asked me how old was I.

(C) He asked me how old I am.

(B) He asked me how old I was.

(D) He told me how old I was.

Q193 Change into indirect speech: The guide said, “Do not feed the animals.”

(A) The guide told the visitors do not feed the animals.

(C) The guide said not feed the animals.

(B) The guide told the visitors not to feed the animals.

(D) The guide told the visitors to not fed the animals.

Q194 Change into indirect speech: She said, “I will meet you at the station.”

(A) She said that she would meet you at the station.

(C) She said that she will meet me at the station.

(B) She said that she would meet me at the station.

(D) She told that she would meet me at the station.

Q195 Change into indirect speech: He said, “I don’t like noisy places.”

(A) He said that he had not liked noisy places.

(C) He told that he did not like noisy places.

(B) He said that he does not like noisy places.

(D) He said that he did not like noisy places.

Q196 Change into indirect speech: She said to me, “Did you lock the door?”

(A) She told me if I had locked the door.

(C) She asked me did I lock the door.

(B) She asked me if I locked the door.

(D) She asked me if I had locked the door.

Q197 Change into indirect speech: He said, “Long live the King!”

(A) He wished that the King will live long.

(C) He prayed that the King might live long.

(B) He prayed that the King may live long.

(D) He said long live the King.





Q198 Change into indirect speech: She said, “These shoes are too tight.”

- | | |
|---|---|
| (A) She said that those shoes are too tight. | (B) She told that those shoes were too tight. |
| (C) She said that these shoes were too tight. | (D) She said that those shoes were too tight. |

Q199 Change into indirect speech: He said to his mother, “I am going to school.”

- | | |
|---|---|
| (A) He told his mother that he was going to school. | (B) He told his mother that he is going to school. |
| (C) He told his mother that I am going to school. | (D) He said his mother that he was going to school. |

Q200 Change into indirect speech: She said, “Oh! I forgot my umbrella.”

- | | |
|--|---|
| (A) She told that she has forgotten her umbrella. | (B) She exclaimed that I had forgotten my umbrella. |
| (C) She exclaimed that she had forgotten her umbrella. | (D) She said oh that she forgot her umbrella. |



**ANSWERS + EXPLANATION**

- Q176** (A) Command → ordered + to.
- Q177** (A) is raining → was raining.
- Q178** (B) shall → would.
- Q179** (A) are feeling → was feeling.
- Q180** (B) Exclamation → exclaimed that ... very ...
- Q181** (B) Order → told + to.
- Q182** (A) met → had met; ago → before.
- Q183** (B) must → had to.
- Q184** (D) Statement order: what she was doing.
- Q185** (C) can't → couldn't; my → her.
- Q186** (D) Request needs an object: requested them to ...
- Q187** (A) have been → had been.
- Q188** (D) will → would; me → her.
- Q189** (B) here → there; is → was; my → his.
- Q190** (D) Advice → advised + to.
- Q191** (A) did not see → had not seen; yesterday → the previous day.
- Q192** (B) Statement order: how old I was.
- Q193** (B) Negative order → not to.
- Q194** (B) will → would; you → me.
- Q195** (D) don't → did not.
- Q196** (D) locked → had locked.
- Q197** (C) Wish → prayed that ... might.
- Q198** (D) these → those; are → were.
- Q199** (A) said to → told; am going → was going.
- Q200** (C) Exclamation; forgot → had forgotten.





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